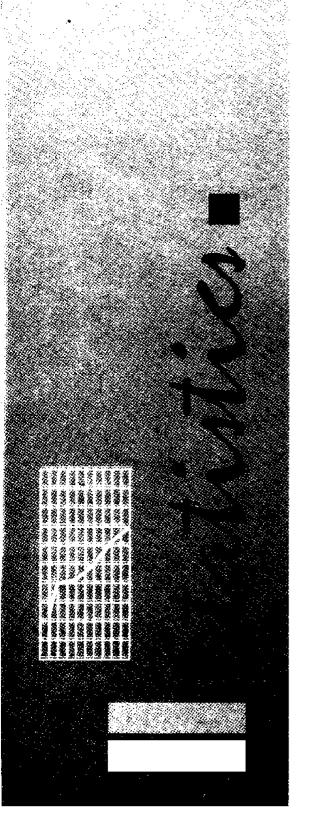


September Quarter 1995



International Investment Position Australia

ABS Catalogue No. 5306.0



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INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION, AUSTRALIA SEPTEMBER QUARTER 1995

W. McLennan Australian Statistician

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS

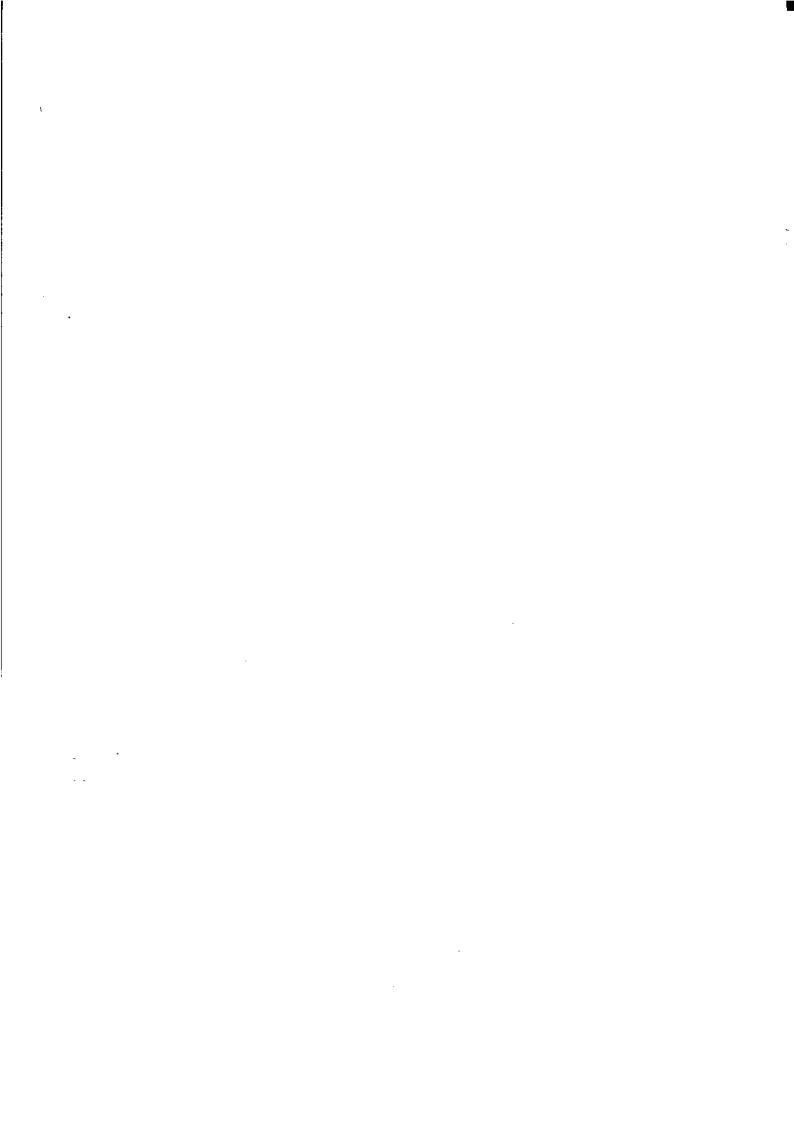
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MAIN FEATURES NET INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION AND INCOME — SUMMARY

			Percentage Change			
	June qtr 1995(a)	Sept. qtr 1995	June qtr 1995 to Sept. qtr 1995	Sept. qtr 1994 to Sept. qtr 1995		
	\$A 1	nillion —	_	– per cent —		
Net foreign liabilities at end of quarter -	·			F		
Net equity	77,267	87.638	13.4	6.0		
Net debt (b)	181,228	180.723	-0.3	10.9		
Net other	325	529	62.8	18.9		
Tota!	258,820	268,890	3.9	9.3		
Net investment income payable abroad						
during quarter	4,965	4,174	-15.9	1.3		

⁽a) Revisions to previously published estimates are explained in the note on page 7. (b) Foreign borrowing by Australian residents less the sum of reserve assets and Australian lending abroad.

September guarter 1995

Net foreign liabilities of Australian residents at 30 September 1995 totalled \$268,890 million. This was an increase of \$10,070 million, or 3.9 per cent, on the revised estimate of the position one quarter earlier.

- The increase during the September quarter 1995 consisted of an inflow of \$6,183 million due to net capital transactions (the balance on capital account in the balance of payments); exchange rate variations of -\$1,340 million associated with the appreciation of the Australian dollar against other currencies; and other changes of \$5,227 million in the value of net foreign liabilities, mainly due to revaluations of issued shares and securities.
- Underlying the increase during the September quarter 1995 was an increase in foreign investment in Australia (up \$5,197 million) and a decrease in Australian investment abroad (down \$4,872 million). The rise in foreign investment in Australia was due to an increase in equity holdings by non-residents in Australian enterprises (up \$9,470 million) partly offset by a decrease in foreign borrowing (down \$4,157 million). The fall in Australian investment abroad stemmed from decreases in lending to non-residents (down \$2,128 million), reserve assets (down \$1,525 million) and equity holdings by Australian residents in foreign enterprises (down \$900 million).

Net foreign debt at 30 September 1995 was \$180,723 million, down \$505 million (0.3%) on the revised estimate of the position a quarter earlier.

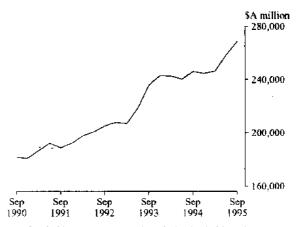
The decrease during the September quarter 1995 resulted from exchange rate variations of -S4,748 million, associated with the appreciation of the Australian dollar against other currencies, which more than offset the increases arising from net capital transactions of \$2,805 million and other changes of \$1,438 million.

 The ratio of net foreign debt to GDP for the year ended September 1995 was 39.3 per cent, down 0.6 percentage points on the ratio a quarter earlier.

Net investment income payable abroad during the September quarter 1995 was \$4,174 million, down \$791 million (15.9%) on the amount payable in the June quarter 1995 and up \$52 million (1.3%) on the amount payable in the September quarter 1994.

- The decrease in the September quarter 1995 over the June quarter 1995 resulted from a fall of \$895 million in *income payable on foreign investment* in Australia. This fall was due to a decrease of \$1,058 million in *income payable on equity*.
- The ratio of net investment income to exports of goods and services for the year ended September 1995 was 19.5 per cent, down 0.6 percentage points on the ratio a quarter earlier.

GRAPH 1: AUSTRALIA'S NET FOREIGN LIABILITIES (a) AT END OF QUARTER



(a) Level of foreign investment in Australia less level of Australian investment abroad.

ANALYSIS OF RESULTS

INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION - SUMMARY

(\$A million)

		Changes in leve	ls during Septer	nber quarter I	995	-
	Level at 30 June 1995	Capital Transactions	Exchange Rate Variations	Other Changes	Level at 30 Sept 1995	Investment Income during Sept quarter 1995
Foreign Investment in Austr	alia					
Equity liabilities	165,287	4,889	-44	4,626	174,757	2,565
Borrowing(a)	223,289	1.486	-6,631	988	219,131	3,123
Other Investment	8,723	-384	-24	293	8,607	5
Total	397,298	5,992	-6,700	5,906	402,496	5,693
Australian Investment Abroa	ad—					
Equity Assets	88,019	1,406	-3,442	1,136	87,119	1,140
Reserve Assets	20,184	-310	-839	-376	18,659	124
Lending	21,877	-1009	-1045	-74	19,749	252
Other Investment	8,397	-278	-34	-7	8,078	2
Total	138,478	-192	-5,360	679	133,605	1,519
Net International Investmen	t Position and I	ncome(b)—				
Net Equity Liabilities	77,267	3,484	3,397	3,490	87,638	1,425
Net Debt(c)	181,228	2,805	-4,748	1,438	180,723	2,746
Net Other Investment	325	-106	10	299	529	3
Net Foreign Liabilities	258,820	6,183	-1,340	5,227	268,890	4,174

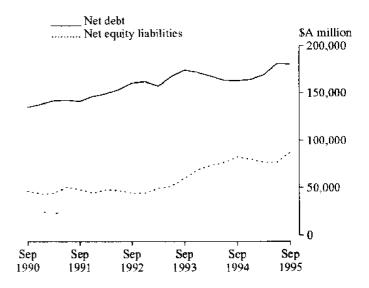
⁽a) Gross foreign debt. (b) Net international investment position equals foreign investment in Australia less Australian investment abroad. (c) Foreign borrowing by Australian residents less the sum of reserve assets and Australian lending abroad.

Australia's international investment position at 30 September 1995

Australia's net international investment position at 30 September 1995 consisted of net foreign liabilities of \$268,890 million. This was an increase of \$10,070 million (3.9%) on the position a quarter earlier and resulted from:

- net capital transactions of \$6,183 million;
- exchange rate variations of -\$1,340 million associated with the appreciation of the Australian dollar against other currencies; and
- other changes of \$5,227 million.

GRAPH 2: NET FOREIGN DEBT AND EQUITY LIABILITIES AT END OF QUARTER



The level of net foreign liabilities at 30 September 1995 represented the difference between the level of:

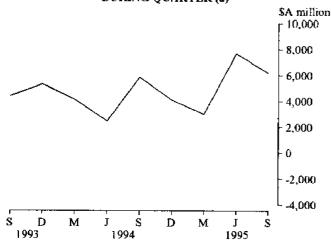
- foreign investment in Australia of \$402,496 million; and
- Australian investment abroad of \$133,605 million.

The level of net foreign liabilities consisted of:

- net foreign debt of \$180,723 million (67.2%);
- net equity liabilities of \$87,638 million (32.6%); and
- net other investment of \$529 million (0.2%).

During the September quarter 1995, the level of net equity liabilities increased by 13.4 per cent and net foreign debt decreased by 0.3 per cent.

GRAPH 3: NET CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS DURING QUARTER (a)

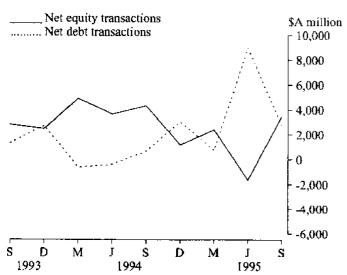


(a) Net capital transactions cover net equity, net debt and net other investment transactions

The inflow of investment from net capital transactions during the September quarter 1995 resulted from;

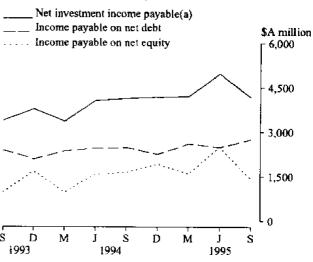
- a net inflow of \$5,992 million, due to additional liabilities incurred on foreign investment in Australia; and
- a net inflow of \$192 million, due to a decrease in Australian investment abroad.

GRAPH 4: NET EQUITY AND DEBT TRANSACTIONS DURING QUARTER



Contributing to this outcome on capital transactions were net inflows of \$3,484 million for net equity investment and \$2,805 million for net foreign debt.

GRAPH 5: NET INVESTMENT INCOME DURING QUARTER



(a) Net investment income payable covers income payable on net debt, not equity and net other investment.

Net investment income payable abroad during the September quarter 1995 was \$4,174 million, arising from income payable on foreign investment in Australia of \$5,693 million less income receivable on Australian investment abroad of \$1,519 million. Net investment income payable fell by \$791 million, or 15.9 per cent, on the amount recorded for the June quarter 1995 (due to a decrease of \$895 million in income payable on foreign investment in Australia).

Net investment income payable abroad mainly consisted of:

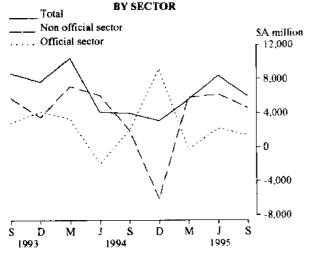
- \$2,746 million interest payable on net foreign debt;
 and
- \$1,425 million investment income payable on net equity liabilities.

Capital transactions (investment flows) in the September quarter 1995

\$A million Foreign investment in Australia

A net inflow of \$5,992 million was recorded for foreign investment in Australia during the September quarter 1995. This was a decrease of \$2,409 million on the net inflow of \$8,401 million recorded for the previous quarter. This decrease resulted from a fall of \$4,541 million in borrowing and a turnaround of \$876 million (to an outflow) in other investment, partly offset by an increase of \$3,007 million in equity investment.

GRAPH 6: FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN AUSTRALIA: CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS DURING QUARTER



Foreign investment in the official sector in Australia decreased \$848 million, from a net inflow of \$2,214 million in the June quarter 1995 to a net inflow of \$1,366 million in the September quarter 1995. The major flows within this sector were:

- a decrease of \$1,339 million in the net inflow from general government borrowing domiciled abroad, from \$3,898 million to \$2,559 million; and
- a decrease of \$497 million in the net outflow from general government borrowing domiciled in Australia, from \$1,668 million to \$1,171 million.

The net inflow of foreign investment in the non-official sector in Australia decreased \$1,561 million, from \$6,187 million in the June quarter 1995 to \$4,626 million in the September quarter 1995.

The decrease of \$1,561 million, in this inflow was the net result of a number of much larger movements. Contributing to the decrease were:

- a turnaround of \$5,902 million in borrowing by the private sector from unrelated foreign lenders, from a net inflow of \$4,307 million to a net outflow of \$1,595 million;
- -- a turnaround of \$1,334 million in borrowing from direct investors, from a net inflow of \$1,296 million to a net outflow of \$38 million; and
- a turnaround of \$739 million in accounts payable /prepayments received, from a net inflow of \$365 million to a net outflow of \$374 million.

These changes were partly offset by:

- a turnaround of \$3,516 million in borrowing by the public sector, from a net outflow of \$1,812 million to a net inflow of \$1,704 million; and
- an increase of \$3,177 million in the net inflow from foreign portfolio investment in corporate equities from \$183 million to \$3,360 million.

Australian investment abroad

A net inflow (withdrawal) of \$192 million was recorded for Australian investment abroad in the September quarter 1995, representing a turnaround of \$907 million on the net outflow of \$715 million for the previous quarter.

The withdrawal of Australian investment abroad by the official sector decreased from \$1,051 million in the June quarter 1995 to \$290 million in the September quarter 1995. This was mainly due to a decrease of \$708 million in the net inflow (sales) of reserve assets, from \$1,018 million to \$310 million.

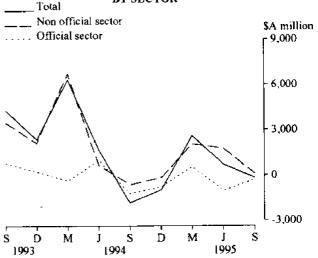
A decrease of \$1,667 million in the net outflow was recorded for investment abroad by the non-official sector, from \$1,765 million in the June quarter 1995 to \$98 million in the September quarter 1995. This result was mainly due to:

- a turnaround of \$1,848 million in Australian portfolio investment in foreign corporate equities, from a net outflow (purchases) of \$1,807 million to a net inflow (sales) of \$41 million;
- a turnaround of \$936 million in lending by the public sector to unrelated foreign enterprises, from a net outflow of \$399 million to a net inflow of \$537 million;
- a turnaround of \$542 million in accounts receivable /prepayments made, from a net outflow of \$195 million to a net inflow of \$347 million; and
- a decrease of \$457 million in Australian direct investment in foreign corporate equities, from a net outflow (purchases) of \$861 million to \$404 million.

These changes were partly offset by:

 a turnaround of \$1,781 million in lending by the private sector to unrelated foreign enterprises, from a net inflow of \$1,161 million to a net outflow of \$620 million.

GRAPH 7: AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENT ABROAD: CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS DURING QUARTER BY SECTOR



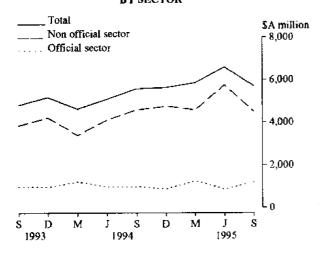
Investment income in the September quarter 1995

Income payable on foreign investment in Australia

Income payable on foreign investment in Australia was \$5,693 million in the September quarter 1995, a decrease of \$895 million (13.6%) on the June quarter 1995 estimate. Income payable (including re-investment of earnings) on equity holdings by non-residents in Australian enterprises accounted for \$2,565 million (45.1%) of the total investment income payable, down \$1,058 million (29.2%) on the previous quarter's estimate.

Income payable by the *official sector* was \$1,195 million, up \$339 million (39.6%) on the amount payable in the previous quarter. Income payable by the *non-official sector* fell \$1,235 million (21.5%) to \$4,497 million.

GRAPH 8: INCOME PAYABLE ON FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN AUSTRALIA DURING QUARTER BY SECTOR



An increase of \$300 million was recorded for interest payable on general government borrowing domiciled in Australia largely reflecting the biannual interest payments of securities issued by the Commonwealth government.

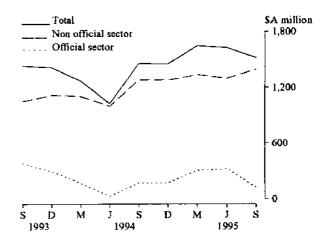
The largest decreases in income payable by the non-official sector were recorded for:

- dividends payable on direct investment in Australian corporate equities (down \$592 million);
- profits remitted to direct investors (down \$213 million); and
- interest payable on private sector borrowing from unrelated foreign lenders (down \$127 million).

Income receivable on Australian investment abroad

Income receivable on Australian investment abroad during the September quarter 1995 was \$1,519 million, a decrease of \$105 million on the previous quarter's estimate. Income receivable by the *official sector* (almost entirely interest on reserve assets) fell by \$202 million (61.8%) to \$125 million. Income receivable by the *non-official sector* rose by \$96 million (7.4%) to \$1,393 million.

GRAPH 9: INCOME RECEIVABLE ON AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENT ABROAD DURING QUARTER BY SECTOR



Exchange rate variations in the September quarter 1995

Between 30 June 1995 and 30 September 1995, the Australian dollar appreciated 6.55 per cent against the United States dollar, 9.05 per cent against the German mark, 23.54 per cent against the Japanese yen and 7.30 per cent against the United Kingdom pound. On a trade weighted basis, the Australian dollar appreciated 11.16 per cent.

These movements in the Australian dollar against other currencies have resulted in negative exchange rate variations being recorded for both foreign financial assets and foreign liabilities.

Other changes in levels in the September quarter 1995

Apart from capital transactions and exchange rate variations, there were also other changes in Australia's net foreign liabilities during the quarter which accounted for an increase of \$5,227 million in net liabilities. This increase represented the net effect of other changes in the level of foreign investment in Australia of \$5,906 million, partly offset by other changes in the level of Australian investment abroad of \$679 million.

These other changes in the level of foreign investment in Australia and Australian investment abroad during the quarter were largely due to revaluations of issued shares and securities. In the case of foreign investment in Australia, price increases accounted for an increase of approximately \$ 5,023 million in the level of investment. Reflected in this amount were: share price increases which accounted for increases of approximately \$3,380 million in the level of foreign portfolio investment in corporate equities and about \$890 million in the level of foreign direct investment in corporate equities; and price increases for debt securities which added about \$753 million to the level of foreign borrowing. Share price increases on foreign share markets accounted for an increase of approximately \$957 million in the level of Australian investment abroad in foreign equities.

Levels of investment at 30 September 1995

Foreign investment in Australia

The level of foreign investment in Australia was \$402,496 million at 30 September 1995, an increase of \$5,197 million on the level at 30 June 1995. Making up the change in levels were:

- a net inflow of \$5,992 million from capital transactions:
- exchange rate changes of -\$6,700 million; and
- other changes of \$5,906 million.

The official sector accounted for \$77,420 million, or 19.2 per cent, of the total level of foreign investment in Australia at 30 September 1995. The non-official sector accounted for the remaining \$325,076 million, or 80.8 per cent.

When analysed by instrument of investment, foreign investment in Australia, at 30 September 1995, consisted of the following:

- foreign borrowing of \$219,131 million (54.5%);
- equity investment of \$174,757 million (43.4%); and
- other investment of \$8,607 million (2.1%).

Australian investment abroad

The level of Australian investment abroad was \$133,605 million at 30 September 1995, a decrease of \$4,872 million on the level at 30 June 1995. Making up the change in

- a net inflow (withdrawal) of \$192 million from capital transactions;
- exchange rate changes of -\$5,360 million; and
- other changes of \$679 million.

The level of investment abroad by the official sector (mainly holdings of reserve assets) was \$21,441 million, representing 16.0 per cent of the total level of Australian investment abroad, while the non-official sector accounted for the remaining 84.0 per cent (\$112,164 million). Equity assets accounted for 77.7 per cent of the level of non-official sector investment abroad.

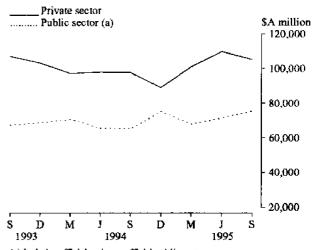
Australia's foreign debt

At 30 September 1995, Australia's net foreign debt was \$180,723 million, down \$505 million on the level at 30 June 1995.

The level of net foreign debt at 30 September 1995 was made up of borrowing from non-residents (gross foreign debt) of \$219,131 million, partly offset by reserve assets and Australian lending abroad of \$38,408 million. The public sector (official and non-official) held \$75,375 million or 41.7 per cent of total net foreign debt at 30 September 1995, up 2.3 percentage points on the previous quarter. The private sector held \$105,348 million or 583 per cent compared with 60.6 per cent a quarter earlier

58.3 per cent compared with 60.6 per cent a quarter earlier.

GRAPH 10: LEVELS OF PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SECTORS NET FOREIGN DEBT AT END OF QUARTER



(a) Includes official and non-official public sector.

Within the public sector, the official sector accounted for \$58,691 million or 32.5 per cent of total net foreign debt while the non-official sector accounted for \$16,684 million or 9.2 per cent.

As the summary table shows, the decrease in net foreign debt during the September quarter was due to exchange rate variations of -\$4,748 million being greater than the increases from net capital transactions of \$2,805 million and other changes of \$1,438 million.

At 30 September 1995, 51.9 per cent (\$113,749 million) of Australia's foreign borrowing was denominated in foreign currencies and 48.1 per cent (\$105,382 million) in Australian dollars. US dollars represented the largest currency of borrowing, comprising \$81,685 million or 71.8 per cent of foreign currency borrowing. Of the amount denominated in Australian dollars, \$68,393 million (64.9%) was domiciled abroad with the remaining \$36,989 million domiciled in Australia.

Release date for December quarter 1995 issue

The expected release date for the December quarter 1995 issue of International Investment Position, Australia (5306.0) is 1 March 1996.

REVISIONS

Since the last issue of this publication, revisions have been made to estimates of capital transactions, levels of international investment and investment income for the September quarter 1994, the December quarter 1994, the March quarter 1995 and the June quarter 1995. The revisions are summarised in the table below.

The revisions have been largely caused by:

- late or incorrect reporting by some existing providers in the ABS Survey of Foreign Investment;
- reallocation of amounts previously recorded in other changes, in Tables 1 to 3, in previous issues of this publication; and
- reconciliation of data reported by a number of large providers in the ABS Survey of Foreign Investment with data reported by those same providers in another ABS Survey, the Survey of Balance Sheet Information; and
- the incorporation of initial estimates from new providers identified in the 1995 coverage survey.

To maintain the timeliness of this publication, it is the usual practice to include interim entries, for reconciliation purposes, in other changes in levels for the reference quarter. These interim entries cover revisions to levels and changes in levels for earlier periods that are taken into account in the closing levels estimates for the reference quarter, but cannot be incorporated in the estimates for earlier periods in the time available. These interim entries are subsequently reallocated to the appropriate periods and reflected in the revised figures published in the subsequent issues of this publication.

REVISIONS SUMMARY TABLE (\$A million)

		Change in	n this publication	
	September quarter 1994	December quarter 1994	March quarter 1995	June quarter 1995
Capital transactions —				
Foreign investment in Australia	-538	61	43	434
Australian investment abroad	-17	61	372	248
Net	-521	0	-329	186
Investment income —				
Foreign investment in Australia	-7	56	16	17
Australian investment abroad	3	-15	29	106
Net	-10	71	-13	-89
Level of foreign debt —				
Foreign investment in Australia	4 6 4	584	753	713
Australian investment abroad	280	452	381	-31
Net	184	132	372	744
Level of equity and other investmen	t —			
Foreign investment in Australia	165	405	557	1268
Australian investment abroad	645	601	2311	3112
Net	-480	-196	-1754	-1844
Total level of investment —				
Foreign investment in Australia	628	988	1310	1980
Australian investment abroad	924	1052	2693	3083
Net	-296	-64	-1383	-1103

COUNTRY OF DESTINATION OF AUSTRALIAN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN FOREIGN CORPORATE EQUITIES

1. Introduction

The country classification scheme that is employed in ABS statistics on Australian investment abroad (AIA) is based on the country of residence of the foreign entity, having a liability to Australia, that is the immediate foreign debtor. It does not necessarily reflect the country of final application of funds.

Recently there has been increasing interest in tracing the use of funds from Australia to the country and industry of final application of these funds. In particular, the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) expressed an interest in such statistics to assist it in its analyses of the relationship between AIA and Australia's international trade, and the changing regional focus of Australia's economic relations. As these statistics are not available, DFAT commissioned the ABS in 1994 to examine avenues to collect and/or compile supplementary statistics to satisfy this requirement.

This article provides an outline of the work commissioned by DFAT; the definitions and country classification scheme central to ABS statistics on AIA; the methodology that was developed to compile supplementary statistics on direct investment in foreign corporate equities classified according to the country in which the immediate foreign debtor subsequently invests; and an analysis of these supplementary statistics.

2. Background

In 1994 the ABS undertook a feasibility study for DFAT to assess the possibility of conducting an exploratory survey to collect supplementary data on AIA which would indicate the country of final application of funds. The study also involved an investigation of the use of published company annual reports in conjunction with existing ABS statistics to compile supplementary statistics which looked through those foreign affiliates (the immediate foreign debtor) that controlled enterprises in third countries. In looking through such affiliates the intention was to reclassify the Australian direct investors' holdings in them to the countries of the enterprises that the affiliates controlled.

The first part of the study found that it was not feasible to collect international investment position data, classified by the country in which the funds are finally applied, from Australian investors due mainly to problems of data availability and provider load. The second part of the study resulted in the compilation of supplementary statistics on Australian direct investment abroad (ADIA) in corporate equities. The methodology that was developed to compile these supplementary statistics is examined in Section 5 of this article and Section 6 analyses the additional information these statistics provide on the country destination of Australia's direct investment abroad.

3. Conceptual Framework and Definitions

Australian investment abroad (AIA) refers to financial claims on foreign residents held by Australian residents. Residents of Australia consist of those economic units with a closer association with the 'territory' of Australia than with any other territory. For enterprises, the country of residence is the country of operation of the enterprise irrespective of whether the enterprise is incorporated or unincorporated in that country, or whether it is locally or foreign controlled.

Australian residents:

include enterprises such as branches and subsidiaries operating in Australia that are owned or controlled by non-residents

exclude enterprises operating abroad that are owned or controlled by Australian residents.

The concept of *direct investment* is broadly one of capital invested in an enterprise by an investor (called a *direct investor*) having a significant influence, either potentially or actually exercised, over the key policies of the enterprise (called a *direct investment enterprise*). The investor may be an individual or an enterprise.

A direct investment relationship is deemed to exist between a direct investment enterprise and a direct investor having an equity interest in the direct investment enterprise of at least 10%.

The direct investment relationship is deemed to extend to other related enterprises; these are defined as enterprises the direct investment enterprise controls, but not enterprises which control it, and enterprises the direct investor controls as well as enterprises which control it.

One enterprise is considered to be *controlled* by another enterprise if it is connected to the latter enterprise by an ownership link, or chain of ownership links, whereby the latter enterprise owns 25% or more of the voting shares (or equivalent equity interest) in the first enterprise and is also the largest investor in that enterprise.

When a direct investment relationship exists, the classification of claims and liabilities to either Australian investment abroad or foreign investment in Australia depends on the direction of the equity link which underlies the establishment of the direct investment relationship. In calculating Australian direct investment abroad, any liabilities of the Australian enterprise to the foreign enterprise are netted against the financial claims of the Australian enterprise on the foreign enterprise. Similarly, netting of financial claims and liabilities occurs in arriving at foreign direct investment in Australia.

The application of these concepts to AIA can be illustrated in Diagram 1.

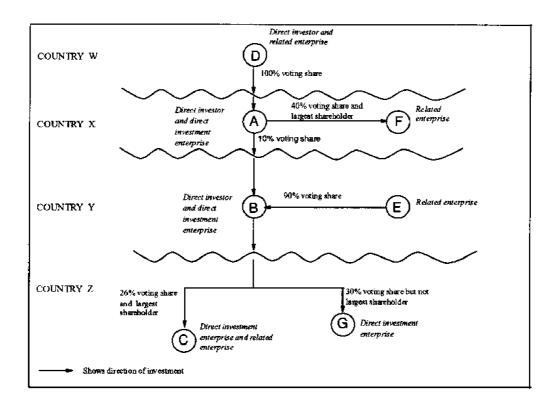


DIAGRAM 1: DIRECT INVESTMENT RELATIONSHIPS

If country X is taken to be Australia, AIA includes investment by A (direct investor) in B (direct investment enterprise), but does not include investment by B in C (related enterprise) or G (unrelated enterprise). In AIA statistics classified by country, A's investment in B would be shown as a claim by Australia on country Y (the country of residence of B) not a claim on country Z. Similarly, B's investment in C and G would be shown as a claim of country Y on country Z in statistics of country Y.

4. Country Classification

The country dissection of ABS statistics on Australian investment abroad shows the country of the holder of the liability to an Australian resident. It does not necessarily reflect the country of final application of funds. For example, if country X in Diagram 1 is again taken as Australia, ABS statistics would show AIA in country Y. This basis of country attribution reflects the country of residence of the foreign debtor and is an application of the change-of-ownership concept underlying balance of payments statistics, documented in the International Monetary Fund (IMF) Balance of Payments Manual (BPM). For practical reasons, the country of incorporation of the foreign debtor is assigned as the country of residence.

The IMF Balance of Payments Compilation Guide indicates that, if an analyst wants information on the ultimate source of income of an enterprise investing abroad, a concept other than the change-of-ownership principle would be required in the partner country classification (paragraph 835).

AIA statistics which identified the country of final destination of funds would differ in a number of respects from statistics obtained by classifying according to the residence of the immediate foreign debtor. These statistics would take into account enterprises in the chain of ownership. For example, in Diagram 1, the chain of ownership starts at D and extends from A to B and F, and from B to C and G (and any enterprises beyond these).

Diagram 1 illustrates various direct investment relationships and it is possible to look through some of the direct investment enterprises to the countries of the enterprises that they control. If country X is once again taken to be Australia, the study undertaken for DFAT can be described as only examining the direct investment relationship between A and B and the channelling of funds through one link in the chain, that is, through B (the direct investment enterprise) to enterprises which it controls (C in Diagram 1). It did not attempt to capture the full extent of the redistribution of funds that might have occurred. It also did not attempt to look through Australian enterprises that were both recipients of direct investment (direct investment enterprises) and providing direct investment (direct investors).

5. Supplementary Statistics Methodology

Annual reports for selected Australian enterprise groups classified as direct investors in the ABS's Survey of Foreign Investment were used to identify direct equity investment by the immediate foreign debtor in related enterprises. This information was then used in conjunction with published ABS statistics on ADIA in corporate equities to compile supplementary data for ADIA by

country, based on the country of incorporation of the related enterprises. The enterprise groups that were examined accounted for 70 per cent of the level of ADIA in corporate equities at 30 June 1994. The compilation of these supplementary statistics involved looking through foreign affiliates (such as the direct investment enterprise B in Diagram 1) and reclassifying the Australian direct investors' holdings in them to the countries in which the foreign affiliates had related enterprises.

6. Analysis of Results

The reclassified data are presented in Table 1 and are compared to the ABS published data on levels of ADIA in corporate equities plus net equity in branches by country, as shown in Table 7 of the ABS annual release International Investment Position, Australia 1993-94: Supplementary Country Statistics (ABS Catalogue No 5352.0).

The major changes to the statistics on individual countries and country groupings as a result of reclassification include:

USA: the increase of \$167 million (1 per cent) in investment allocated to the USA is attributable to a reclassification from the Netherlands.

Japan: the increase in investment of \$84 million (50 per cent) is explained by a reclassification of investment from Malaysia.

New Zealand: the increase in investment of \$229 million (4 per cent) is largely a reclassification from Singapore.

United Kingdom: the fall in investment of \$693 million (4 per cent) is sourced from redistributions to the Central America and Caribbean grouping, and the Netherlands.

France: the increase of \$102 million (329 per cent) is mostly explained by a fall of investment in the Netherlands.

Netherlands: the increase in investment allocated to the Netherlands of \$175 million (17 per cent) is, for the most part, due to reallocations from the UK and the Central America and Caribbean group, being partly offset by a redistribution of investment to the USA and France.

Indonesia: investment in Indonesia increased by \$65 million (33 per cent) largely due to a redistribution from Singapore.

Malaysia: a decrease of \$901 million (66 per cent) is mostly explained by a reallocation of investment to the

China/Taiwan/Asia not elsewhere specified group (nes), Central America and Caribbean group and Hong Kong.

Singapore: the fall in investment of \$313 million (22 per cent) is due to a redistribution to Indonesia and New Zealand, partly offset by a reclassification from Hong Kong.

Hong Kong: investment in Hong Kong has fallen by 317 million (19 per cent) mainly as a consequence of redistributing investment to Singapore, the China/Taiwan/Asia nes group and Central America and Caribbean group, partly offset by a reclassification from Malaysia.

Central America and Caribbean; the increase in investment of \$423 million (22 per cent) results from the changes to the allocations for United Kingdom, Malaysia and Hong Kong discussed above.

7. Conclusion

The reclassification has the overall effect of redistributing around 6 per cent of Australian direct investment abroad in corporate equities and net equity in branches. This reflects decreases in the level of investment in four countries or regions which are reclassified among eighteen countries or regions.

The three largest traditional recipients of ADIA (United Kingdom, USA and New Zealand) together accounted for 74.3% of the level of ADIA in corporate equities and net equity in branches at 30 June 1994 using the standard country classification principles applied by the ABS. Their shares remain largely unchanged as a result of the reclassification exercise, accounting for 73.7%.

For some other countries the impact of the reclassification exercise is more significant. In particular, Malaysia, Singapore and Hong Kong account for smaller shares while the Netherlands, France, the Central America and Caribbean group and the China/Taiwan/Asia nes group account for larger shares.

8. For further information

The data used in this analysis are available from the International Investment Section of the Australian Bureau of Statistics. For more information about the analysis of country of destination of Australian direct investment in foreign corporate equities, contact Betty Gruber on Canberra (06) 252 5601.

TABLE A LEVELS OF AUSTRALIAN DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD IN CORPORATE EQUITIES AND NET EQUITY IN BRANCHES: IMPACT OF RECLASSIFICATION BY COUNTRY (a)

as at 30 June 1994

	Australian direct equity	investment abroad		
	ABS published data (b) Smillion	Reclassified data Smillion	Difference \$million	Percentage Change
		COUNTRIES		
Belgium/Luxemburg	66	66		····
Canada	np	np	np	np
Central Amer. & Carib.	. 1,917	2,340	423	22.1
China/Taiwan/Asia nes	np	np	850	np
Fiji	141	144	3	2.1
France	31	133	102	329.0
Germany	np	np	np	np
Greece		_		
Hong Kong	1,644	1,327	- 317	- 19.3
Indonesia	196	261	65	33.2
Ircland, Republic of	np	αþ	np	np
Italy	np	πp	пр	np
Japan	167	251	84	50.3
Korea, Republic of	97	97	_	
Malaysia	1,369(c)	468	- 901	- 65.8
Mexico	np	np	np	np
Netherlands	1 ,044	1,219	175	16.8
New Zealand	5,724	5,953	229	4.0
Papua New Guinea	2,097	2,097	_	
Philippines	np	np	np	np
Russian Federation	_		_	
Singapore	1,444	1.131	- 313	- 21.7
South Africa			_	
Sweden		1	1	, ,
Switzerland	np	np	np	np
Thailand	np	np	np	пр
United Kingdom	18,797	18,104	- 693	- 3.7
USA	11,811	11,978	167	1.4
Africa nes	np	np	np	пр
America nes	np	np	$n\mathbf{p}$	np
Europe nes	np	пр	np	$\mathbf{n}\mathbf{p}$
Oceania nes	100	100		
Unallocated	38	38		•-
Total all countries	48,918	48,918		
		TRY GROUPS		
APEC	25,440	25,310	- 130	0.5
ASEAN	3,131	1,987	1,144	36.5
EU	20,936	20,599	- 337	- 1.6
OECD	39,470	39,627	157	****
OPEC	np	np	np	np

⁽a) Figures shown are consistent with those published in Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Australia 1993-94, ABS Catalogue No. 5363.0. The reclassifications are based on analysis of the annual reports of 21 enterprise groups that account for 70% of the level of ADIA.

... not aplicable

⁽b) Levels of Australian direct investment abroad in corporate equities by all Australian enterprise groups, plus net equity in branches, as published by the ABS.

⁽c) Includes \$901 million due to the allocation to Malaysia of investment in a range of Asian countries for which separate details are not available.

np not for publication

 [—] nil or rounded to zero

TABLE 1. AUSTRALIA'S NET INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION AND INCOME (a)
(\$A million)

Changes in levels of investment during the period Levels of Reinvestment Levels of investment of earnings Exchange investment Investment at beginning by direct Other rate Other at end of Income transactions investors (b) variations changes Total Period of period period (c) NET EQUITY Year-1992-93 1993-94 47,020 51,770 76,763 339 1,583 6,713 12,279 3,933 2,991 3,700 688 7,432 1,827 4,749 24,993 504 51,770 76,763 77,267 3,652 5,219 7,659 1994-95 2,300 3,902 Quarter ended— [993-94 ---73,605 396 3,261 930 -1,4283,158 76,763 1,582 June 1994-95 5,903 2,565 3,738 594 575 1,378 1,647 213 82,666 76,763 September 80,102 77,036 1,925 1,597 --6,393 --598 575 2,659 82,666 December 80,102 575 1,821 4,864 3,066 March -2,220 77,036 575 1,910 3,786 231 77,267 2,488 1995-96 September 77,267 300 3,184 3,397 3,490 10,371 87,638 1,425 NET FOREIGN DEBT (d) Year 1992-93 153,565 8,537 6,202 -985 13,755 167,320 9,180 4,221 3,277 -2,925 1,301 4,082 17,991 1993-94 167,320 3,064 163,237 9.270 181,228 9.814 1994-95 163,237 13,413 Quarter ended— 1993-94 — 2,012 -4,612163,237 2.456 167,849 -359-2.241June 1994-95 2,479 2,247 2,598 668 3,051 729 -334 1,245 5,102 162,904 164,148 169,251 163,237 -1.118 -2,465116 September 659 162,904 164,148 December 4,224 150 March 2,489 June 169,251 2.636 1005-06-2,805 -4,748 1,438 505 180,723 2,746 September 181,228 NET OTHER INVESTMENT Year— 1992-93 608 79 -1,068 1,272**-846** 71 238 342 -120 602 987 687 247 1993-94 -608 63 17 -79 1994-95 -662 325 -26 . . Quarter ended 1993-94 -937 79 1.016 -819 --8 -11020 June 1994-95 ---18 73 79 873 --525 366 September 4 445 139 -35100 345 December . . 345 24 $\frac{321}{301}$ 24 325 --3 -13 March 113 -150 -5.7June 366 45 1995-96 -10610 299 204 529 3 325 September NET INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION Year---1992-93 1993-94 1,364 5,779 1,188 12,903 339 15,592 3,092 17,658 218,481 200,824 21,598 18,741 14,552 17,447 1,583 2,300 218,481 240,079 1994-95 258,820 Quarter ended 1993-94 ---240,079 4,058 242,470 396 2,084 -1,320-3,5512,391 June 1994-95 -5,936 246,015 4,122 240,079 575 5.280 -887 September 575 575 -1,420 1,716 12,509 244,595 246,311 258,820 246,015 3,506 267 -5,769 4,168 December 2,436 7,111 -790 706 -505 4,117 4,192 4,965 244,595 March 246,311 575 June

--1,340

5,227

10,070

268,890

4,174

5,883

300

1995-96 ---

September

258,820

⁽a) Australia's net international investment position equals Foreign Investment in Australia less Australian Investment Abroad. (b) Comprehensive data are only collected annually for this item and hence estimates for the most recent periods are derived by extrapolating earlier estimates. Quarterly estimates are derived by evenly distributing the annual estimates. (c) Includes reinvestment of earnings of direct investors. Investment income is calculated before the deduction of withholding tax. (d) Foreign borrowing by Australian residents less the sum of reserve assets and Australian lending abroad.

TABLE 2. FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN AUSTRALIA — SUMMARY (\$A million)

Changes in levels of investment during the period Levels of Reinvestment Levels of investment of earnings Exchange investment Investment by direct at beginning Other rate Other at end of Income Period changes of period investors (a) transactions variations Total period (b) **EQUITY** *Year*— 1992-93 1993-94 110,866 122,091 155,057 2,384 4,243 5,800 8,303 18,249 5,043 55 86 114 11,225 32,966 10,230 122,091 155,057 165,287 483 6,552 10,387 -727 8,645 1994-95 12,057 Quarter ended 1993-94 June 152,534 1,061 3.489 25 -2,0522,523 155,057 2,426 1004-05 September 155,057 1,450 2,999 13 7 1,947 6,410 4,933 2,305 2,729 3,022 2,683 161,466 156,533 December 161,466 156,533 158,838 359 1,252 432 (c) 6,750 -489 1,450 1,450 1,450 91 March (c)4,565 June 6 449 165,287 3,623 1995-96 --September 165,287 1,302 3,587 -44 (c)4,6269,470 174,757 2,565 BORROWING Year-1992-93 7,641 7,508 10,325 9,399 -6,239 5,776 17,153 -2,493 17,362 208,420 205,927 191,268 113 3,762-11.344 1993-94 10,938 208,420 . . 1994-95 205.927 1,260 223,289 11,543 Quarter ended 1993-94 --1,039 June 211,738 -3,062-1,710-5,811205,927 2,626 1994-95 ... 205,927 206,033 203,216 September 252 -1,057911 106 206,033 2,843 1,109 2,936 -3,821 7,549 -2,818 10,3152,594 3,145 -106 -171 203,216 213,530 December . . March . . 213,530 6,027 3,105 (d)6259,758 223,289 2,961 June 1995-96 — September 223,289 1,486 -6,631(d)988-4,157 219,131 3,123 OTHER INVESTMENT Year 1992-93 582 6,874 9,278 8,723 6,841 562 53 33 92 6,874 9,278 94 21 1993-94 903 -66 1,567 2,404 1994-95 -66 40 529 Quarter ended— [993-94 ---8,751 631 **-4**7 **-57** 528 9,278 June 29 1994-95 ---5 -2 23 September 9.278 -702-392 1,090 8,189 3 8,189 8,328 _34 _34 175 139 8,328 December . . March 41 8,287 10 . . --70 492 June 8.287 14 436 8,723 4 1995-96 = 8,723 - 384 -24 293 -115 8,607 5 September TOTAL Year— 1992-93 1993-94 308,975 337,386 2,384 4,243 16,506 9,507 28,411 337,386 17,988 6,219 5,930 32,876 27,036 19,677 23,620 26,660 15,302 8,192 370,262 1994-95 370,262 5,800 397,298 Quarter ended – 1993-94 373.023 1,061 3,082 -3,084-3,820-2,761370,262 5,082 June 1994-95 -2,549 1,643 1,450 1,450 1,450 -1,040 -3,815 7,663 5,426 -7,612 370,262 375,688 2,467 375,688 5.575 5,620 September -6,889 368,076 December 368.076 4,158 _693 12,579 380,655 5,837 March 380,655 1,450 6,951 3,122 5,120 16,643 397,298 6,588 June 1995-96 **-**5,906 5,197 September 397,298 1,302 4,690 -6,700402,496 5,693

⁽a) Comprehensive data are only collected annually for this item and hence estimates for the most recent periods are derived by extrapolating earlier estimates. Quarterly estimates are derived by evenly distributing the annual estimates. (b) Includes reinvestment of earnings of direct investors. Investment income is calculated before the deduction of withholding tax. (c) Mainly due to share price changes on the domestic share market. (d) Mainly due to price changes of issued government securities.

TABLE 3. AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENT ABROAD --- SUMMARY (\$A million)

Changes in levels of investment during the period

Period	Levels of investment at beginning of period	Reinvestment of earnings by direct investors (a)	Other transactions	Exchange rate variations	Other changes	Total	Levels of investment at end of period	Investment Income (b)
			E	QUITY				
<i>Year</i> 1992-93 1993-94 1994-95	63,845 70,321 78,293	2,045 2,661 3,500	1,590 5,970 1,110	3,046 -3,613 4,016	-205 2,9 5 5 1,100	6,476 7,972 9,726	70,321 78,293 88,019	2,901 3,425 4,398
Quarter ended 7993-94 June	78,929	665	228	-905	-624	-636	78,293	844
1994-95 September December March June	78,293 78,800 76,432 81,802	875 875 875 875	-739 -234 -569 2,652	-200 -2,652 4,955 1,912	570 -357 109 778	506 - 2,368 5,370 6,218	78,800 76,432 81,802 88,019	1.082 1.097 1.085 1.134
<i>1995-96</i> September	88,019	1,002	404	-3,442	1,136	-90 0	87,119	l,140
-			LE	NDING				
Year— 1992-93 1993-94 1994-95	15,463 20,278 22,029		3,054 3,390 -1,117	1,491 - 1,041 1,192	270 -598 -226	4,815 1,751 -152	20,278 22,029 21,877	699 815 753
Quarter ended T993-94 — June	23,055		-1,221	-287	482	-1,026	22,029	145
1994-95 September December March June	22.029 22.822 20.650 23.040		997 1.687 1,920	-112 -786 1,494 596	793 - 38 8 -791 161	793 -2,171 2,390 -1,163	22,822 20,650 23,040 21,877	191 176 240 146
1995-96 — September	21,877		-1,009	-1,045	-74	-2,128	19,749	252
			RESER	VE ASSETS				
Year— 1992-93 1993-94 1994-95	22,240 20,823 20,661	•••	-3,950 1,054 -1,971	1,705 976 1,308	828 -240 186	$^{-1,417}_{\substack{-162 \\ -477}}$	20,823 20,661 20,184	1,465 853 975
<i>Quarter ended</i> — 1993-94 — June	20,834		541	-534	-180	-173	20,661	26
1994-95 — September December March June	20,661 20,308 18,417 21,240		-529 -945 521 -1,018	173 570 1,831 -126	376 471 88	353 1,891 2,823 -1,056	20,308 18,417 21,240 20,184	173 171 307 325
1995-96 September	20,184		-310	-839	376	-1,525	18,659	124
			OTHER I	NVESTMENT				
Year— 1992-93 1993-94 1994-95	6,603 7,482 9,200		1,506 -1,054	173 83 119	486 295 133	$^{879}_{1,717}_{-802}$	7,482 9,200 8,397	21 31 46
Quarter ended 1993-94 June	7,735		1,450	38	53	1,465	9,200	9
1994-95 — September December March June	9,200 7,744 7,983 8,262	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-1,575 313 83 126	$-\frac{13}{75}$ 173 34	133 24 -24	-1,456 239 280 135	7,744 7,983 8,262 8,397	8 8 13 18
1995-96 — September	8,397		-278	- 34	-7	319	8,078	2
			Т	OTAL				
Year— 1992-93 1993-94 1994-95	108,151 118,904 130,183	2.045 2,661 3,500	11,914 11,919 3,032	6,415 5,714 6,634	1,379 2,413 1,193	10,753 11,278 8,295	118,904 130,183 138,478	5.085 5.125 6,173
Quarter ended— 1993-94 — June	130,553	665	998	-1,765	-269	370	130,183	1.024
1994-95 — September December March June	130,183 129,673 123,481 134,344	875 875 875 875	-2,730 -1,863 1,722 -160	-153 -4,083 8,453 2,416	1,498 -1,120 -188 1,003	-510 6,191 10,863 4,134	129,673 123,481 134,344 138,478	1,453 1,451 1,645 1,624
1995-96 — September	138,478	1.002	-1,194	-5,360	679	-4,872	133,605	1,519

⁽a) Comprehensive data are only collected annually for this item and hence estimates for the most recent periods are derived by extrapolating earlier estimates. Quarterly estimates are derived by evenly distributing the annual estimates. (b) Includes reinvestment of earnings of direct investors. Investment income is calculated before the deduction of withholding tax.

TABLE 4. CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS (a) (\$A million)

			A million)						
		Year				Quarter	ended		
	1992-93	1993- 94	1994-95	1993-94	-	1994-	-95	······ ,	1995-96
				June	September	December	March	June 3	Septembei
	FORE	GN INVES	TMENT IN	I AUSTRA	LIA				
OFFICIAL -									
General Government Borrowing									
Domiciled abroad	10,545	3,760	7,419	-3,286	-1.075	4,571	24	3,898	2,559
Domiciled in Australia	830	4,580	5,590	1,409	3,084	4,439	-265	-1,668	-1.171
Total	11,375	8,340	13,009	-1.877	2,010	9,010	-24]	2,230	1,388
Other	-35	83	73	−I	-49	169	-25	-22	49
Total	11,340	8,423	13,082	-1,878	1,961	9,179	266	2,208	1,339
Reserve bank	39	_49	23	–6 7	24	_9	2	6	27
Total official	11,379	8,374	13,105	-1,945	1,985	9,170	-264	2,214	1,360
NON-OFFICIAL —									
Direct investment	2,384	4,243	5,800	1 041	1,450	1,450	1.450	1,450	1.302
Reinvestment of earnings Corporate equities	2,384 3,645	1,119	5,800 878	1,061 -137	1,430	-1,737	1,450 780	1,450	203
Net equity in branches	579	808	254	198	61	21	87	86	24
Borrowing	-1,494	388	-1,242	1,246	-702	−l ,984	148	1,296	38
Other	245	79	657	43	283	166	60	149	39
Total	5,358	6,637	6,347	2,411	2,763	-2,084	2,524	3, 145	1,536
Portfolio and other investment — Corporate equities	4,080	16,322	3,911	3,428	1,268	2,075	386	183	3,360
Borrowing —	7,000	10,322	2,711	3,420	1,206	2,075	000	(02	3,300
Public sector	-220	-725	-3,707	-208	-1,833	32	-94	1,812	1,704
Private sector	-2,059	-44 7	2,242	-133	753	-5,940	3,121	4,307	-1,59
Total	2,279	-1.172	-1,465	341	1,080	5,908	3,028	2,495	109
Accounts payable/prepayments received Public sector	-2	838	-48 7	782	-795	30	-59	337	-323
Private sector	354	96	310	-193	142	189	-59	28	50
Total	352	741	_797	589	-936	-160	-65	365	-374
Total	2,152	15,892	1.649	3,677	-748	<i>_3,993</i>	3,348	3,042	3,095
Total non-official	7,510	22,529	7,996	6,088	2,015	-6,077	5,872	6,187	4,626
TOTAL	18,890	30,903	21,102	4,143	3,999	3,093	5,608	8,401	5,992
	AUST	RALIAN II	NVESTME	NT ABRO	AD				
OFFICIAL ·	7.050	1051			520	845		1.010	210
Reserve assets	−3,950 −47	1,054 521	-1,971 -603	541 455	-52 9 -595	945 13	521 21	-1,018 27	-310
Lending Accounts receivable/prepayments made	-125	-150	-146	-3	-393 -93	35	-21 41	_59	20
Other	128	182	205	-		205	_	_	
Total official	-3,994	1,607	-2,515	993	-1,217	788	541	-1,051	-290
NON-OFFICIAL —									
Direct investment									
Reinvestment of earnings	2,045	2,661	3,500	665	875	875	875	875	1,002
Corporate equities	1,867	983	468	297	-392	10	-12	861	404
Net equity in branches	777	673	4	289	-95 • 460	114	2	-16	40
Lending(a) Other	-1,802 160	1,422 3	870 211	300 6	1,468 -96	388 -33	198 -72	1,184 - 10	1,093 49
Total	3,048	5,7 41	4,631	957	1,760	-5.3 1,354	990	-10 526	403
Portfolio and other investment —	41215					.,			
Corporate equities	-1,055	4,314	638	- 357	252	358	- 559	1,807	4!
Lending	***				200			300	
Public sector	128 4,775	-129 1,576	593 -1,977	17 -1,394	322 -1,083	–179 –1,194	50 1,460	399 1 161	-537 620
Private sector Total	4,773	1,376	-1,977 -1,384	-1,394 -1,376	-1,083 760	-1,194 -1,373	1,460 1,511	-1,161 762	620 83
Accounts receivable/prepayments made—	F1 200 T	4,671	2,207	110.41	700	1,000	1,711	· • • •	1,1 ,
Public sector	-88	1,215	-1.183	· 1,216	-1,123	-173	101-	213	-200
Private sector	145	256	282	231	264	349	215	18	-140
Total	57	1,471	-902	1,447	<i>−1,387</i>	176	114	195	- 341
<i>Total</i> Total non-official	3,906 6,953	7,232 12,973	-1,648 2,983	-287 67 1	- <i>2,399</i> 638	1,555 –20 0	1,066 2,056	1,240 1,765	30: 91
TOTAL	2,959	14,580	468	1,664	-1,855	–988	2,597	715	-192
TOTAL	2,737	14,360	405	1,004	-1,655	-700	4,37/		-192

⁽a) A negative value denotes a net withdrawal of investment.

TABLE 5. INVESTMENT INCOME (\$A million)

	-	Year				Quarter	ended		
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1993-94		1994-	95		1995-96
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-93	June	September	December	March	June	Septembe
INCOM	1E PAYABLI	ON FORE	IGN INVES	STMENT IN	NAUSTRAI	LIA			
OFFICIAL —					.,	•		,	
General Government —									
Interest on borrowing									
domiciled abroad	2,029	2.955	2,595	763	588	662	717	628	66
Interest on borrowing									
domiciled in Australia	1,513	1.119	1,396	194	388	214	553	241	54
Other income									
Total	3,542	4,074	3,991	957	976	876	1,269	869	1.20c
Reserve Bank	38	35	-1 4	8	9	4	12	14	1
Total official	3,580	4,109	3,977	965	984	880	1,257	856	1,199
NON-OFFICIAL									
Direct investment income									
Reinvested earnings	2,384	4,243	5,800	1,061	1,450	1,450	1,450	1,450	1,300
Distributed earnings									
Dividends	1,532	2,034	2,815	663	533	708	504	1,070	478
Remitted profits	1,616	1,185	1,558	281	385	314	314	545	33;
Interest	1,069	906	997	205	263	243	23 9	252	249
Total	4,217	4,126	5,37 <u>1</u>	1,149	1.181	1,266	1,057	1,867	I,059
Total, direct investment income	6,601	8,369	11,171	2,210	2,631	2, 716	2,507	3,317	2,36
Portfolio and other investment income									
Dividends	1,021	1,182	1,883	421	361	550	414	558	453
Interest —									
Public Sector	1,737	1,458	1,508	357	529	313	313	353	306
Private Sector	5,049	4,559	5,081	1,129	1,069	1,161	1,346	1,504	1,370
Total	6,786	6,017	6,589	1,485	1,598	1.474	1,659	1.857	1.68.
Total, portfolio and other investment income	7,8 0 7	7,199	8,472	1,906	1,960	2.024	2,073	2.415	2,130
Total non-official	14,408	15,568	19,643	4,117	4,591	4,740	4,580	5,732	4,491
TOTAL	17,988	19,677	23,620	5,082	5,575	5,620	5,837	6,588	5,693
INCOM	E RECEIVAR	LE ON AU	STRALIAN	INVESTA	IENT ABRO	DAD			
OFFICIAL									
General Government	4	16	7	4	2	3	1	i	
Reserve Bank	1,465	853	975	26	173	171	307	325	124
Total official	1,468	869	983	30	174	174	308	327	125
NON-OFFICIAL—									
Direct Investment Income -									
Reinvested earnings	2,045	2,661	3,500	665	875	875	875	875	1,002
Distributed earnings —									
Dividends	385	271	333	68	106	34	72	121	40
Remitted profits	23	104	132	5	5	105	8	14	_
Interest(a)	74	109	-156	-4 9	-16	-53	-12	-75	Ľ
Total(a)	334	266	309	23	95	87	68	59	5.
Total, direct investment income	2,379	2,927	3,809	689	970	962	943	934	1.054
Portfolio and other investment income									
Dividends	447	390	434	106	96	82	130	125	99
Interest	7 9 0	939	948	199	213	234	263	238	24
Total, portfolio and other investment income	1,238	1,329	1,382	305	309	316	394	363	33
Total non-official	3,617	4,256	5,191	994	1,279	1,278	1,337	1,297	1,393
TOTAL	5,085	5,125	6,173	1,024	1,453	1,451	1,645	1,624	1,519

⁽a) A negative value denotes an excess of income payable by direct investors in Australia to their direct investment groups abroad, over income receivable by direct investors in Australia from their direct investment groups abroad.

TABLE 6. LEVELS OF INVESTMENT AT END OF PERIOD (\$A million)

		Year				Quarter	ended		
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1993-94		1994	-95		1995-96
	1//2-/3	1773-74	1774-75	June	September	December	March	June	September
	FORE	IGN INVES	TMENT IN	AUSTRAI	LIA				
OFFICIAL									
General Government —									
Borrowing	29.020	20 222	46.510	20 222	17 100	41 423	40.034	46.530	40 47
Domiciled abroad Domiciled in Australia	38,038 21,301	38,223 24,205	46,539 29,795	38,223 24,205	37,188 26,437	41,432 31,030	42,235 30,911	46,539 29,795	48,474 28,837
Total	59,339	62,428	76,335	62,428	63,626	72,462	73,145	76,335	77,311
Other	92	9	64	.9	-58	111	86	64	15
Total	59,247	62,419	76,399	62,419	63,568	72,573	73,231	76,399	77,326
Reserve Bank	93	44	67	44	68	59	61	67	94
Total official	59,340	62,463	76,466	62,463	63,636	72,632	73,292	76,466	77,426
NON-OPFICIAL									
Direct investment									
Corporate equities	70,099	78,881	84,704	78,881	84,360	82,076	82,743	84,704	87,427
Net equity in branches	16,617	17,729	15,232	17,729	16,253	14,197	14,781	15,232	15,241
Borrowing	22,202	21,912	21,374	21,912	21,084	18,737	19,538	21,374	20,964
Other	3,326	3,303	3,571	3,303	3,339	3,532	3,498	3,571	4,059
Total	112,244	121,824	124,881	121,824	125,035	118,541	120,560	124,881	127,689
Portfolio and other investment	25.256	50 445	65.350	50 447	(0.051	(0.06)	C1 11 1	45.350	22.222
Corporate equities	35,375	58,447	65,350	58,447	60,854	60,261	61,314	65,350	72,090
Borrowing — Public sector	34,630	32,438	24,582	32,438	31,474	30,160	25,890	24,582	22,973
Private sector	92,156	32,438 89,105	100,931	89,105	89,781	81,797	94,896	100,931	97,789
Total	126,786	121,543	125,513	121,543	121,256	111,957	120,786	125,513	120,763
Accounts payable/prepayments received	3,640	5,985	5,088	5,985	4,908	4,684	4,703	5,088	4,534
Total portfolio and other investment	165,802	185,975	195,952	185,975	187,017	176,902	186,802	195,952	197,386
Total non-official	278,046	307,799	320,832	307,799	312,053	295,444	307,363	320,832	325,076
TOTAL	337,386	370,262	397,298	370,262	375,688	368,076	380,655	397,298	402,496
	AUS	FRALIAN II	NVESTME:	NT ABROA	AD				
OFFICIAL—	20.022	30.661	20.104	20.664	20.200	10.417	21.240		10 4 50
Reserve assets	20,823 140	20,661	20,184 58	20,661	20,308	18,417 53	21,240	20,184 58	18,659
Lending Accounts receivable/prepayments made	1,122	661 972	826	661 972	66 879	33 844	31 885	⊃6 826	55 846
Other	1,494	1,676	1,881	1,676	1,676	1,881	1,881	1,881	1,881
Total official	23,579	23,970	22,949	23,970	22,929	21,195	24,037	22,949	21,441
NON-OFFICIAL									
Direct investment									
Corporate equities	44,870	46,289	50,553	46,289	45,478	44,527	48,158	50,553	49,915
Net equity in branches	2,117	2,629	2,795	2,629	2,494	2,533	2,714	2,795	2,724
Lending (a)	-2,165	-1,768	-2,297	-1,768	-677	590	-1,242	-2 <i>,</i> 297	-3,596
. Other	374	426	207	426	324	288	214	207	275
Total	45, 196	47,576	\$1,258	47,576	47,620	46,758	49,844	51,258	49,318
Portfolio and other investment	22.214	20 176	14 472	20 274	30.000	20.177	20.020	14470	24.400
Corporate equities	23,334	29,375	34,672 24,115	29,375	30,828	29,372	30,930	34,672	34,480
Lending Accounts receivable/prepayments made	22,303 4,492	23,136 6,126	24,115 5,484	23,136 6,126	23,432 4,864	21,187 4,969	24,251 5,282	24,115 5,484	23, 29 0 5,076
Total	50,129	58,637	5,484 64,271	58,637	59,124	55,528	5,2 6 2 60,463	5,464 64,271	62,846
Total non-official	95,325	106,213	115,529	106,213	106,744	102,287	110,307	115,529	112,164
TOTAL	118,994	130,183	138,478	130,183	129,673	123,481	134,344	138,478	133,605

⁽a) A negative value denotes an excess of borrowing by direct investors in Australia from their direct investment groups abroad, over lending by direct investors in Australia to their direct investment groups abroad.

TABLE 7. LEVELS OF FOREIGN DEBT AT END OF PERIOD (SA million)

1		Year				Quarter	ended		
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1993-94		1994	-95		1995-96
	1372 70	1370 31	.,,,,,	June	September	December	March	June	September
	F	OREIGN BO	RROWING	(GROSS D	EBT)				
OFFICIAL — Commonwealth Government	•								
and Reserve Bank State Government	21,469 37,963	22,913 39,560	27,929 48,473	22,913 39,560	25,460 38,233	28,610 43,912	28,566 44,640	27,929 48,473	27,182 50,223
Tetal official	59,432	62,472	76,402	62,472	63,694	72,521	73,206	76,402	77,405
NON-OFFICIAL —									
Financial Enterprises Public sector	23,047	23,144	15,802	23,144	22,350	21,542	16,588	15,802	16,310
· Private sector Total	64,321 87,368	67,573 90,717	82,835 <i>98,636</i>	67,573 90,717	68,782 91,132	62,725 <i>84,267</i>	76,262 92,849	82,835 <i>98.636</i>	78,752 95,062
Trading Enterprises									
Public sector Private sector	11,582 50,038	9,294 43,443	8,781 39,470	9,294 43,443	9,124 42,083	8,618 37,809	9,303 38,172	8,781 39,470	6,664 40,000
<i>l'otal</i> Total non-official	61,620 148,989	<i>52,737</i> 143,455	48,251 146,887	52,737 143,455	51,208 142,340	<i>46,427</i> 1 30,69 4	<i>47,475</i> 140,324	48,251 1 46,887	46,664 141,726
TOTAL	208,420	205,927	223,289	205,927	206,933	203,216	213,530	223,289	219,131
Of which	•	ŕ	,	•	,		·	·	
Public sector — Official	59,432	62,472	76,402	62,472	63,694	72,521	73,206	76,402	77,405
Non-official	34,630	32,438	24,582	32,438	31,474	30,160	25,890	24,582	22,973
Total Private sector	<i>94.062</i> 114,359	<i>94,910</i> 111,017	100,984 122,305	94,910 111,017	<i>95,168</i> 110,865	<i>102,682</i> 100,534	99, <i>097</i> 114,434	100.984 122,305	100.378 118,753
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	•	ERVE ASSE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>'</u>	
OFFICIAL	•								
Reserve assets Lending	20,823 140	20,661 661	20,1 84 58	20,661 661	20,308 66	18,417 53	21,240 31	20,184 58	18,659 55
Total official	20,963	21,322	20,242	21,322	20,374	18,470	21,271	20,242	18,714
NON-OFFICIAL —									
Financial enterprises Trading enterprises	16,195 3,942	18,839 2,529	20,776 1,043	18,839 2,529	20,430 2,326	18,734 1,864	21,858 1,151	20,776 1,043	18,396 1,298
Total non-official	20,138	21,368	21,819	21,368	22,756	20,598	23,009	21,819	19,694
TOTAL	41,101	42,690	42,061	42,690	43,130	39,067	44,280	42,061	38,408
Of which —									
Public sector Official	20,963	21,322	20,242	21,322	20,374	18,470	21,271	20,242	18,714
Non-official Total	8,378 29,341	8,134 29,456	9,307 29,549	8,134 29,456	9,573 29,947	9,074 27,544	9,631 30,902	9,307 29,549	6,289 25,003
Private sector	11,760	13,234	12,512	13,234	13,183	11,523	13,378	12,512	13,405
		NET	FOREIGN I	DEBT(a)				•	
OFFICIAL	38,469	41,151	56,159	41,151	43,320	54,052	51,936	56,159	58,691
NON-OFFICIAL— Financial enterprises	71,173	71,878	77.861	71,878	70,702	65.533	70.991	77,861	76,666
Trading enterprises	57,678	50,208	47,208	50,208	48,882	44,563	46,324	47,208	45,367
Total non-official	128,851	122,086	125,068	122,086	119,584	110,097	117,315	125,968	122,032
TOTAL	167,320	163,237	181,228	163,237	162,904	164,148	169,251	181,228	180,723
Of which Public sector									
Official	38,469	41,151	56.159	41,151	43,320	54,052	51,936	56,159	58,691
Non-official Total	26,252 <i>64,721</i>	24,304 65,455	15,275 71,435	24,304 65,455	21,901 65,221	21,086 75,138	16,259 <i>68,195</i>	15,275 71,435	16,684 75,375
Private sector	102,599	97,783	109,793	97,783	97,682	89,010	101,056	109,793	105,348

⁽a) Foreign borrowing by Australian residents less the sum of Australian lending abroad and reserve assets.

TABLE 8. INTEREST PAYABLE ON FOREIGN DEBT (\$A million)

		Year				Quarter e	ended		
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1993-94		1994-	95		1995-96
				June	September	December	March	Јипе	September
	INTERI	EST PAYAE	BLE ON FO	REIGN BO	RROWING		·		
OFFICIAL — Commonwealth Government									
and Reserve Bank State Government	1,425 2,156	1,156 2,953	1,267 2,710	202 763	310 674	273 607	479 778	205 651	451 742
Total official	3,580	4,109	3,977	965	984	880	1,257	856	1,195
NON-OFFICIAL									
Financial Enterprises Public sector	913	939	889	228	374	181	181	154	241
Private sector	3,438	2,917	3,599	680	733	725	1,039	1,101	1,066
Total	4,350	3,856	4,488	909	1.107	906	1.219	1.255	1,308
Trading Enterprises	822	516	618	125	155	132	132	199	64
Public sector Private sector	2,591	2,458	2,459	627	596	676	536	651	556
Total	3,413	2,974	3,077	752	751	808	669	850	626
Total non-official	7,763	6,829	7,565	1,661	1,858	1,714	1,888	2,105	1,927
TOTAL	11,344	10,938	11,543	2,626	2,843	2,594	3,145	2,961	3,123
Of which									
Public sector	1.500	4.100	2.077	065	004	nea	1.257	954	1.104
Official Non-official	3,580 1,735	4,109 1,455	3,977 1,508	965 353	984 529	880 313	1,257 313	856 353	1,195 306
Total	5.315	5,564	5,485	1,318	1,513	1,193	1.570	1,209	1,501
Private sector	6,028	5,375	6,057	1,308	1,329	1,401	1,575	1,752	1.621
INTERES	ST RECEIVABLE (ON AUSTRA	LIAN LEN	DING ABR	OAD AND	RESERVE A	SSETS		
OFFICIAL	1.465	n/ca	026	37	1.72	121	307	325	124
Reserve assets Lending	1,465 4	853 16	975 7	26 4	173 2	171	1	1	124
Total official	1,468	869	983	30	174	174	308	327	125
NON-OFFICIAL									
Financial enterprises	655 40	589 210	772 27	140 l	167 22	211 -38	232 6	162 17	229 23
Trading enterprises		799	746	140	189		238	145	251
Total non-official	695		1,729	170	363	347	547	472	377
TOTAL	2,163	1,668	1,747	110	300	347	347	712	31
Of which — Public sector —									
Official	1,468	869	983	30	174	174	308	. 327	125
Non-official	386	208	305	47	69	99	74	63	102
Total	1,854	1.078	1,288	77	244	272	383	390	227
Private sector	309	591	440	93	119	75	164	82	150
			TEREST PA	<u> </u>			2.40		
OFFICIAL - ·	2,112	3,240	2,994	935	810	706	9 49	529	1,070
NON-OFFICIAL							_		
Financial enterprises Trading enterprises	3,695 3,373	3,266 2,764	3,716 3,104	769 751	940 729	695 846	987 662	1,093 867	1,071 591
Total nen-official	7,068	6,030	6,820	1,521	1,669	1,541	1,649	1,960	1,676
TOTAL	9,180	9,270	9,814	2,456	2,479	2,247	2,598	2,489	2,746
Of which									
		9 5 10		63.4	0.0	506	0.40	500	1.4=4
Public sector —		2 7 4 0	1.004	935	810	706	949	529	1,070
Official	2,112	3,240	2,994						
	2,112 1, 349 3,461	1,246 4,486	1,203 4,197	306 1,241	459 1,270	215 921	239 1,187	290 819	205 1,275

⁽a) Income payable on foreign borrowing less income receivable on Australian lending abroad and reserve assets.

TABLE 9. NET FOREIGN LIABILITIES — RATIOS TO GDP

1		Net foreign	liabilities at end of p - \$A million -	period	Ratios of net foreign liabilities to GDP(a) - per cent -			
Period	Annual GDP at current prices	Total	Foreign debt	Equity & other investment	Total	Foreign deht	Equity & other investment	
Year								
1992-93	403,453	218,481	167,320	51,162	54.2	41.5	12.7	
1993-94	426,812	240,079	163,237	76.842	56.2	38.2	18.0	
1994-95	454,505	258,820	181,228	77,593	56.9	39.9	17.1	
Year ended(b)								
1993-94								
June	426,812	240,079	163,237	76,842	56.2	38.2	18.0	
1994-95								
September	434,545	246,015	162,904	83,112	56.6	37.5	19.1	
December	441,759	244,595	164,148	80,447	55.4	37.2	18.2	
March	448,000	246,311	169,251	77,061	55.0	37.8	17.2	
June	454,505	258,820	181,228	77,593	56.9	39.9	17.1	
1995-96								
September	459,963	268,890	180,723	88,167	58.5	39.3	19.2	

⁽a) These ratios are derived by expressing net foreign liabilities at a particular date as a percentage of GDP(I) for the year preceding this date. (b) Estimates of annual GDP(I) refer to the sum of the four quarters ended with the quarters indicated.

TABLE 10. NET INVESTMENT INCOME — RATIOS TO EXPORTS

			ent income payable a - SA million -	broad	Ratios of net investment income to exports(a) - per cent -				
Period	Exports of goods & services	Total	Foreign debt	Equity & other investment	Total	Foreign debt	Equity & other investment		
Year-									
1992-93	76,444	12,903	9,180	3,723	16.9	12.0	4.9		
1993-94	82,540	14,552	9,270	5,282	17.6	11.2	6.4		
1994-95	86,759	17,447	9,814	7,633	20.1	11.3	8.8		
Year ended(b) [993-94									
June	82,540	14,552	9,270	5,282	17.6	11.2	6.4		
- 1994-95 —									
September	82,948	15,298	9,372	5,926	18.4	11.3	7.1		
December	83,508	15,699	9,541	6,158	18.8	11.4	7.4		
March	84.936	16,540	9,780	6,760	19.5	11.5	8.0		
June	86,759	17,447	9,814	7,633	20.1	11.3	8.8		
1995-96									
September	89,933	17,499	10,081	7,418	19.5	11.2	8.2		

⁽a) These ratios are derived by expressing net investment income payable as a percentage of exports of goods and services for the year preceding this date. (b) Estimates of annual exports of goods and services and net investment income payable refer to the sum of the four quarters ended with the quarters indicated.

TABLE 11. FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN AUSTRALIA, BY COUNTRY (\$A million)

		Year				Quarter e	ended		
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1993-94		1994-	95		1995-96
Country of investor	1772-73	1773-74	1774-73	June	September	December	March	June	September
		CA	PITAL TRA	NSACTIONS	(a)			•	
OECD—									
USA	10,406	10,967	168	1,672	464	234	-2,209	1,679	1,478
Japan	-3,161	-1,643	112	1,244	1,512	2,020	67	553	1,966
Switzerland	22	312	-105	-371	1,690	-333	-935	-527	-132
EU—									
UK	3,624	8,759	601	306	3,045	-2,0 48	823	-1,220	1,660
Other	782	4,522	1,745	2,990	-1,991 2,055	2,181 <i>133</i>	2,152 <i>2,975</i>	-598	-1,559
*Total	4,406	13,281	2,346	3,295	1,055			-1,817	100
Other OECD(c)	833 12,506	1,433 24,349	-91 2,429	28 5,869	781 5,501	801 2,787	15 118	-57	-1,557 1,854
Total OECD				•				-168	
ASEAN	-1,136	969	-1,027	681 573	-303 L 420	-1,421	265 907	431 758	-96 8 -175
Other countries	1,721	3,725	-1,9 4 6 11,293		-1,429	-2,182 5,925	2,321		1,128
International capital markets International institutions	6,066 954	325 12	321	- 4 ,512 -212	-2,421 - 153	3,923 470	474	5,467 -470	1,126 95
Unaliocated	-934 687	1,523	10,035	1,743	2,807	3,087	1,758	2,383	4,246
						·	•	2,363	
TOTAL	18,890	30,903	21,102	4,143	3,999	3,093	5,608	8,401	5,992
APEC	_		-2,339		1,969	_7,016	531	3,240	540
		n	VESTMEN	T INCOME(b))				
OECD—									
USA	4,959	6,080	3,544	1,460	754	931	679	1,179	795
Japan	2,225	2,163	2,096	509	528	490	596	482	611
Switzerland	477	501	325	114	87	48	69	120	64
EU—	3.166	3 202	3,260	1.112	589	734	777	1.160	558
UK Other	3,166 1,084	3,707	3,260 957	1,112 342	234	734 289	258	1,160	235
Total	4.251	1,383 5.090	4.217	1,454	823 823	1,023	1,035	1,336	793
	4.231 606	349	299	7,434	133	27	1,033	33	23
Other OECD(c) Total OECD	12,518	14,183	10,48I	3,616	2,324	2.520	2,486	3,151	2,2 8 7
					2, <i>32</i> 4 70		2,480	54	70
ASEAN	376 910	277 713	233 704	73 190	138	56 1 4 2	213	211	196
Other countries	3,337	3,712	3,943	971	1,045	872	1,077	949	1,090
International capital markets International institutions	، در,د 40	35,712	.1,543 _4	8	1,043	4	-2	_14	-1t
Unallocated	808	758	8,264	225	1,989	2,027	2,010	2,238	2,060
TOTAL	17,988	19,677	23,620	5,082	5,575	5,620	5,837	6,588	5,693
APEC	•		6,730	•	1,609	1,628	1,557	1,935	1,678
AFEC					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,020	1,001	1,200	1,076
		LEVELS OF	INVESTME	NT AT END	OF PERIOD			· <u></u>	
OECD	74 040	25 217	95 601	85,217	83,981	80,637	79,117	85,691	87,160
USA	74,048 51,377	85,217 48,904	85,691 51,085	63,217 48,904	85,981 49,541	60,602	79,117 49,013	51,085	52,936
Japan Switzerland	8,102	8,237	8,310	8,237	9,039	8,543	7,779	8,310	8,214
EU -	0,102	0,237	0,210	0,207	9,033	و45	7,773	0,510	
UK	63,151	74,488	76,052	74,488	78,358	75,757	77,631	76,052	77,884
Other	22,675	30,299	33,808	30,299	29,244	31,600	33,812	33,808	32,274
Total	85,826	104,787	109,860	104,787	107,602	107,357	111,442	109,860	110,158
Other OECD(c)	11,039	11,899	11,304	11,899	12,663	11,496	11,273	11,304	10,313
Total OECD	230,393	259,044	266,250	259,044	262,826	254,636	258,624	266,250	268,781
ASEAN	7,500	9,076	7,886	9,076	8,574	7,142	7,559	7,886	6,714
Other countries	19,928	21,803	20,941	21,803	20,364	18,053	19,693	20,941	21,279
International capital markets	60,706	61,136	70,199	61,136	58,862	63,346	68,364	70,199	67,528
International institutions	142	154	476	154	I	471	946	476	1,360
Unallocated	18,716	19,049	31,548	19,049	25,065	24,428	25,467	31,548	36,836
TOTAL	337,386	370,262	397,298	370,262	375,688	368,076	380,655	397,298	402,496
101112									

⁽a) From September quarter 1994, 'Reinvestment of earnings' is not classified by country and is therefore included in 'Unallocated'. (b) From September quarter 1994, 'Reinvested earnings' is not classified by country and is therefore included in 'Unallocated'. (c) From 1994-95 Mexico is included in 'Other OECD'.

TABLE 12. FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN AUSTRALIA, BY ANZSIC INDUSTRY(a) (\$A million)

		Year				Quarter :	ended		
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1993-94		1994-	95		1995-96
Industry of investment				June	September	December	March	June	September
		C	APITAL TR/	NSACTION	'S				
Mining	-63	2,335	–64 I	400	539	-1,674	328	166	130
Manufacturing	4,230	9,964	–81	1,694	934	43	607	203	14 6
Electricity, gas and water	-699	–8 61	-853	- 569	-143	4	-84	-629	269
Wholesale trade	693	-3,700	-1,355	-1.184	133	-636	248	-603	-135
Retail trade	398	842	-1,816	90	193	-1.884	18	-143	63
Transport and storage	205	621	211	-207	- 52	91	86	18	170
Finance and insurance(b)	1,784	11,497	4,575	6.003	24	-4,320	3,851	5,020	666
Property and Business Services	-262	795	200	184	165	-322	104	252	51
Other industries(c)	12.357	9,055	12,640	-2,06t	1,838	8,804	-546	2.545	1.069
Unallocated(d)(e)	656	355	8,643	-206	2,237	3,168	1,664	1,574	4,343
TOTAL	18,890	30,903	21,102	4,143	3,999	3,093	5,608	8,401	5,992
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	INVESTMEN	NT INCOME		•	· · · · <u>-</u>		
Mining	1,981	2,188	1,821	493	375	488	319	640	275
Manufacturing	3,581	3,606	1,514	940	400	438	351	324	349
Electricity, gas and water	224	72	123	26	15	15	10	83	18
Wholesale trade	963	1,299	1,024	468	142	163	182	535	56
Retail trade	224	258	112	87	28	30	25	29	24
Transport and storage	652	682	391	145	102	109	80	100	61
Finance and insurance(b)	5,562	5,858	5,320	1,399	1,384	1.054	1.492	1.389	1.602
Property and Business Services	287	652	586	122	159	115	147	165	213
Other industries(c)	3,555	4.015	5,271	933	1.288	1.191	1.524	1,269	1.224
Unallocated(d)(e)	957	1,047	7,457	469	1,682	2,017	1,706	2,053	1,872
TOTAL	17,988	19,677	23,620	5,082	5,575	5,620	5,837	6,588	5,693
		LEVELS OF	INVESTME	NT AT END	OF PERIOD				
Mining	34,313	39,586	38,734	39,586	40,848	37,855	38,012	38,734	39,594
Manufacturing	59,078	69,274	67,277	69,274	67,670	64,246	65,713	67,277	67,481
Electricity, gas and water	4,364	3,710	2,907	3,710	3,539	3,393	3,358	2,907	3,129
Wholesale trade	25,232	25,500	25,363	25,500	25,186	25,285	25,668	25,363	23,588
Retail trade	5,263	5,525	3,343	5,525	5,690	3,784	3,478	3,343	3,284
Transport and storage	8,826	9,688	9,621	9,688	9,625	9,345	9,503	9,621	9,564
Finance and insurance(b)	110,855	122,130	130,467	122,130	123,923	117,000	123,791	130,467	127,004
Property and Business Services	17,357	17,736	19,144	17,736	17,896	17,972	18,645	19,144	16,762
Other industries(c)	68,922	72,996	94,256	72,996	75,744	83,533	86,810	94,256	88,511
Unallocated(e)	3,176	4,116	6,185	4,116	5,569	5,662	5.678	6,185	23,579
TOTAL	337,386	370,262	397,298	370,262	375,688	368,076	380,655	397,298	402,496

(a) The industry categories shown are based on the 1993 edition of ANZSIC and relate to the predominant activity of the enterprise group receiving the investment funds. This is not necessarily the industry of the end use of the funds; see Explanatory notes, paragraph 19—(b) Includes Reserve Bank and the State government component of General government.

(c) Includes Commonwealth government component of General government. (d) From September quarter 1994 'Reinvestment of earnings' is not classified by industry and is included in 'Unallocated'. (e) From September quarter 1994, investment in trading enterprises placed through nominees and brokers is not classified by industry and is also included in 'Unallocated'.

TABLE 13. FOREIGN BORROWING: CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS AND LEVELS BY DOMICILE (a) (\$A million)

		Year				Quarter	ended		
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1993-94		1994	-95		1995-96
				June	September	December	March	June 1	September
Capital transactions —	111								
Domiciled abroad							45.0		£ 0.60
Foreign currency	3,193	-965	8,432	-1,029	-3,144		416	_4	5,068
Australian currency	4,568	3,180	13,378	1,849	652	2,664	3,363	6,700	-1,806
Total	7,760	2,215	4,946	2,878	-2,492	- 3,036	3, 779	6,695	3,262
Domiciled in Australia — Securities —									
Purchases by non-residents	35,992	42,690	64,521	12,524	14,953	15,992	15,850	17,726	15,077
Sales by non-residents	36,104	39(148	59,633	11,646	12,388	11,674	16,141	19,430	16,218
Net	-113	3,542	4,888	878	2,565	4,318	<i>–291</i>	1,704	1,141
Deposits	_7	1,750	49 l	962	179	-173	-551	1,036	-635
Total	-119	5,293	5,379	1,839	2,744	4,145	842	-668	-1,776
Total	7,641	7,508	10,325	-1,039	252	1,109	2,936	6,027	1,486
Levels at end of period —									
Domiciled abroad									
Foreign currency	124,081	117,892	115,473	117,892	115,150		112,774	115,473	112,311
Australian currency	53,025	53,269	67,790	53,269	54,262	56,388	60,610	67,790	68,393
Total	177,105	171,161	183,264	171,161	169,412	162,371	173.384	183,264	180,703
Domiciled in Australia —									
Securities	24,515	26,359	31,248	26,359	28,139	32,545	32,399	31,248	30,319
Deposits	6,800	8,407	8,777	8,407	8,482	8,299	7,747	8,777	8,109
Total	31,315	34,766	40,025	34,766	36,621	40,844	40.146	40.025	38,428
Total	208,420	205,927	223,289	205,927	206,033	203,216	213,530	223,289	219,131

⁽a) For a definition of domicile, see Explanatory notes, paragraph 17.

TABLE 14. FOREIGN BORROWING: LEVELS AT END OF PERIOD BY CURRENCY (\$A million)

		Year				Quarter	ended		
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1993-94		•	1995-96		
	1992-93	1223-24	1004-00	June	September	December	March	June	September
Foreign currencies —									
United States Dollars	91,927	84,758	81,004	84,758	78,983	72,598	76,678	81,004	81,685
Pounds Sterling	2,102	2,173	2,155	2,173	2,622	2,277	2,410	2,155	2,104
Swiss Francs	2,917	3,047	2,645	3,047	3,149	3,041	3,338	2,645	2,238
Deutsche Marks	1,485	1,451	2,379	1,451	1,620	1,759	2,103	2,379	2,231
Japanese Yen	17,902	19,435	21,147	19,435	22,032	19,713	20,302	21,147	19,829
Other(a)	9,115	9,446	69,903	9,446	9,002	9,003	9,580	69,903	70,197
Total foreign currencies	125,448	120,310	117,811	120,310	117,407	108,390	114,411	117,811	113,749
Australian Dollars	82,972	85,617	105,477	85,617	88,626	94,826	99,119	105,477	105,382
Total	208,420	205,927	223,289	205,927	206,033	203,216	213,530	223,289	219,131

⁽a) Includes unallocated foreign currency borrowing.

TABLE 15. FOREIGN BORROWING DOMICILED ABROAD (a): MATURITY OF DRAWINGS, REPAYMENTS AND LEVELS (\$A million)

		Year				Quarte	r ended	-	· · · · · ·
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1993-94		1994	1 -95		1995-96
	1992-93	1773-94	1994-93	June	September	December	March	June	September
1774		DR	AWINGS						
CONTRACTUALLY DUE FOR REPAYMENT —					*** += +****				
Within 3 months	418,013	407,531	211,066	80,441	66,599	49,195	46,649	48,624	16,456
3 months to less than 6 months	47,871	48,401	39,919	17,337	9,160	8,091	11,663	11,005	9,665
6 months to less than 1 year	16,053	26,487	35,654	2,956	7,225	17,796	2,615	8,019	10,939
l year to less than 2 years	3,319	4,514	4.785	1,687	1,031	1,405	1,754	595	1,258
· 2 years to less than 5 years	10,530	12,784	17,229	2,963	4,691	5,366	3,153	4,018	3,323
5 years to less than 10 years 10 years or more	8,262 4,750	9,807 3,402	9,933 1,586	1,805 344	3,188 784	2, 203 366	1,854 65	2,688 371	2,843 403
REPAYABLE AT CALL OR OF INDEFINITE MATURITY									
Expected to be repaid — Within I year from drawdown	10,223	2,952	2,262	1,072	1,223	310	418	310	522
l year or more from drawdown	5,935	3,238	1,561	893	529	300	588	144	430
UNALLOCATED(b)	-10,173	-15,406	6,288	1,111	1,310	1,791	1,813	-1,374	-2,128
TOTAL	514,782	503,711	317,706	108,387	93,120	83,240	66,947	74,398	43,711
		REP.	AYMENTS	ı					
TIME ELAPSED SINCE DRAWDOWN	•								
Less than 3 months	417,968	410,241	210,165	82,412	67,457	52,564	45,339	44,805	15,586
3 months to less than 6 months	49,143	54,248	46,913	22,565	11,765	11,597	11,042	12,508	12,472
6 months to less than 1 year	20,654	27,836	40,823	3,507	11,108	17,235	4,154	8,326	10,393
I year to less than 2 years	5,950	5,742	5,308	1,094	1,458	1,041	1,611	1,198	1.289
2 years to less than 5 years	12,520	10,917	6,875	1,538	2,890	1,829	1,090	1,065	1,911
5 years to less than 10 years	6,709	5,716	7,086	1,045	1,513	2,980	1,639	954	596
10 years or more	3,208	2,254	1,226	121	370	584	95	177	244
UNALLOCATED(b)	-9,130	-15,459	-5,635	-1.017	949	-1,553	-1.802	-1,331	-2,043
TOTAL	507,022	501,496	312,760	111,265	95,612	86,276	63,169	67,703	40,449
	1	LEVELS AT	END OF F	ERIOD					
BORROWING WITH CONTRACTUAL TERMS —									
Less than I year to maturity	82,179	77,517	77,507	77,517	71,603	63,646	70,556	77,507	76,154
1 year to less than 2 years	13,031	12,834	14,071	12,834	13,469	13,823	14,208	14,071	14,370
2 years to less than 5 years	32,092	31,809	38,575	31,809	34,228	39,106	40,468	38,575	40,464
5 years to less than 10 years	27,928	28,848	34,043	28,848	30,846	27,897	30,763	34,043	30,974
.10 years or more	5,920	4,400	5,874	4,400	4,807	4,769	4,914	5,874	6,590
AT CALL OR INDEFINITE BORROWING — Expected to be repaid —			<u></u>			·		±	
Within 1 year 1 year or more	3,144 11,691	1,863 11,976	3,794 10,183	1,863 11,976	2,607 11,156	3,813 9,021	3,450 9,484	3,794 10,183	4,309 8,784
UNALLOCATED(b)	1,121	1,915	_783	1,915	696	296	–459	_783	_940
• •									
TOTAL	177,105	171,161	183,264	171,161	169,412	162,371	173,384	183,264	180,703

⁽a) For a definition of domiciled abroad see Explanatory notes, paragraph 17. (b) Includes the impact of lending by direct investment enterprises to their direct investors abroad.

TABLE 16. INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION AT END OF PERIOD (SA million)

	I	oreign inves Austra			Α	ustralian in abroa			Net	internationa position		nt
	Equity	Borro- wing(b)	Other	Total	Equity	Reserve assets and lending	Other	Total	Net equity	Net debt	Net other	Ne foreig liabi itie
					ANNUA				···			
.983-84	32,221	44,101	5,551	81,873	8,018	14,208	4,481	26,706	24,203	29,893	1,070	55,16
984-85	37,562	67,473	6,583	111,618	11,687	16,265	5,808	33,760	25,875	51,208	774	77,85
985-86	41,453	92,550	6,884	140,587	20,253	17,005	6,024	43,283	20,900	75,545	859	97,30
1986-87	65,290	107,417	7,441	180,148	34,876	21,279	6,616	62,771	30,414	86,138	825	117,37
987-88	70,217	123,122	7,454	200.792	41,393	26,873	6,353	74,619	28,824	96,248	1,101	126,17
	87,411	146,717	7,403	241,532	52,720	29,419	7,278	89,417	34,691	117,298	125	152,11
988-89			6,416	266,541	56,797	31,016	7,857	95,670	40,558	131,754	-1,44 i	170.87
989-90	97,355	162,770		291,045	54,931	36,468	7,663	99,063	50,439	142,782	1,239	191,98
1990-91	105,370	179,251	6,424			37,703	6,603	108,151	47,020	153,565	238	200,82
1991-92	110,866	191,268	6,841	308,975	63,845		7,482	118,904	51,770	167,320	608	218,48
1992-93	122,091	208,420	6,874	337,386	70,321	41,101		130,181	76,763	163,237	78	240,08
1993-94	155,057	205,927	9,278	370,262	78,293	42,690	9,200	138,478	77,267	181,228	325	258,82
1994-95	165,287	223,289	8,723	397,298	88,019	42,061	8,397		77,207	101,220		
			. <u>-</u>		QUARTE	RLY						
990-91 —												
December	101,010	171,317	6,288	278,616	57,109	32,915	7,532	97,556	43,901	138,402	1,244	181,00
March	103,588	175,840	6,660	286,088	58,466	33,740	7,258	99,464	45,122	142,100	598	186,62
lune	105,370	179,251	6,424	291,045	54,931	36,468	7,663	99,063	50,439	142,782	-1,239	191,9
1991-92—												100.5
September	106,048	177,425	6,881	290,353	58.067	36,231	7,292	101,590	47,980	141,194	-411	188,70
December	107,916	186,602	7,565	302,082	62,917	40,001	7,092	110,009	44,999	146,601	474	192,0
March	108,436	185,399	6,985	300,821	60,398	35,802	6,896	103,096	48,038	149,597	89	197,7
June	110,866	191,268	6,841	308,975	63,845	37,703	6,603	108,151	47,020	153,565	238	200,8
1992-93										1/0 704	67	205.2
September	108,298	200,028	7,005	315,331	63,798	39,322	6,938	110,059	44,500	160,706	67	205,2
December	111,363	199,538	7,505	318,405	66,334	37,323	7,129	110,787	45,028	162,215	375	207,6
March	116,435	194,764	6,964	318,163	67,042	37,399	6,992	111,434	49,392	157,365	29	206,7
June	122,091	208,420	6,874	337,386	70,321	41,101	7,482	118,904	51,770	167,320	608	218,4
1993-94					55 500	40.541	7034	120 173	60.242	174 512	849	235,6
September	138,040	217,054	8,682	363,776	77,798	42,541	7,834	128,173	60,242	174,513		242,8
December	150,510	211,195	9,389	371,094	80,933	39,205	8,102	128,241	69,577	171,990	1,287	242,6
March	152,534	211.738	8,751	373,023	78,929	43,889	7,735	130,553	73,605	167,849	1,016	
June	155,057	205,927	9,278	370,262	78,293	42,690	9,200	130,183	76,763	163,237	79	240,0
19 94-9 5 —				155.460	70.000	43 130	774	120 472	Q7 664	162,904	445	246,0
September	161,466	206,033	8,189	375,688	78,800	43,130	7,744	129,673	82,666		345	244,5
December	156,533	203,216	8,328	368,076	76,432	39,067	7,983	123,481	80,102	164,148	24	246,3
March	158,838	213,530	8,287	380,655	81,802	44,280	8,262	134,344	77,036	169,251		-
Jun e	165,287	223,289	8,723	397,298	88,019	42,061	8,397	138,478	77,267	181,228	325	258,8
1995-96 —			a - a =	400 404	97.140	10 400	0.020	122 606	87,638	180,723	529	268,8
September	174,757	219,131	8,607	402,496	87,119	38,408	8,078	133,605	07,030	100,743	247	200,0

⁽a) Equals foreign investment in Australia less Australian investment abroad. (b) As a result of a change in the methodology used to value non-equity securities issued on foreign capital markets, levels from December quarter 1991 are not strictly comparable with levels from earlier periods.

TABLE 17. CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS (SA million)

					(3A IBIIII	,						
i		Foreign inv e Austra			,	Australian i abro				Net cap transacti		
	Equity	Borr- owing	Other	Total	Equity	Reserve assets and lending	Other	Total	Net equity	Net debt	Net other	Total
					ANNUA	AL						
1983-84	969	8,132	1,066	10,167	1,540	2,024	881	4,445	-571	6,108	184	5,722
1984-85	1,797	12,674	619	15,090	2,965	1,162	1,353	3,156	- 1,169	13,836	-734	11,632
1985-86	2,732	16,958	303	19,994	5,740	1,133	255	4,862	3,008	18,091	49	14,282
1986-87	7,825	15,082	67	22,841	9,427	2,879	564	12,870	-1,602	12,203	-631	9,971
1987-88	8,064	20,061	51	28,176	9,803	6,311	160	16,274	-1,740	13,749	-108	11,901
1988-89	10,477	21,530	780	32,788	8,716	3,378	635	12,728	1,761	18,153	146	20,060
1989-90	6,729	18,960	851	24,838	2,641	3,135	-2 5	5,751	4,088	15,825	-826	19,086
1990-91	10,319	12,067	-484	21,903	_701	4,890	156	4,344	11,021	7,178	640	17,559
1991-92	5,333	9,389	668	15,390	3,345	-2,770	–897	-321	1,988	12,159	1,565	15,711
1992-93	10,688	7,641	562	18,890	3,635	-896	220	2,960	7.052	8,537	341	15,931
1993-94	22,493	7,508	904	30,907	8,631	4,444	1,506	14,580	13,862	3,064	-602	16,324
1994-95	10,842	10,324	-66	21,101	4,610	_3,088	-1,053	469	6,233	13,413	-002 987	20,633
	10,042	10,524		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-1,000		0,233	15,415		20,055
					QUARTE	KLY						
1990-91												
December	3,526	56	528	2,942	2,037	182	98	2,317	1,489	-238	-626	625
March	1,921	6,039	386	8,346	1,134	2,372	250	3.256	787	3,667	636	5,090
June	2,988	3,454	-252	6,190	-2,738	3,043	456	761	5,726	411	-708	5,429
1991-92												
September	1,549	1,789	589	3,926	1,919	850	-52	1,017	370	2,639	641	2,909
December	1,582	3,409	755	5,746	2,408	1,352	-208	3,552	-827	2,058	963	2,194
March	349	2,012	571	1,790	974	-2,992	- 263	4,229	1,323	5,004	- 308	6,019
June	1,853	2,179	-104	3,928	-8	279	373	661	1,861	2,459	269	4,589
1992-93												
September	974	5,641	386	7,000	95	-948	-117	-9 70	879	6,588	502	7,970
December	2,829	1,031	499	2,298	2,594	1,023	147	1,719	235	8	352	579
March	3,854	-3,538	-279	37	905	240	-120	1,026	2,948	3,778	-15 9	-989
June	3,030	6,569	-44	9.554	41	835	309	1,185	2,989	5,734	-354	8,370
1993-94 —												
September	5,599	2,819	225	8,643	2,767	1,495	5	4,257	2,832	1,324	230	4,386
December	5,613	1,559	495	7,666	3,140	-1,163	359	2,336	2,473	2,722	135	5,330
March -	6,730	4,169	-448	10,451	1,830	4,792	-299	6,323	4,900	-623	-149	4,128
June	4,550	-1,039	631	4,143	893	-680	1,450	1.664	3,657	359	-8 19	2,479
1994-95 —	4 440	252	300	1 000	136	4.0	,	1.055	4212	640	0.73	£ 0.6*
September	4,449	252	-702	3,999	136	-416	-1,575	1,855	4,313	668	873	5,855
December	1,809	1,109	175	3,093	641	-1,942	313	-988 2.507	1,169	3,051	-139	4,081
March	2,702	2,936	-31 402	5,608	306	2,208	83	2,597	2,396	729	-113	3,011
June .	1,882	6,027	492	8,401	3,527	-2,938	126	715	−1,645	8,965	366	7,686
1995-96 Sautambaž	4 000	1 464	204	5 002	1 406	(210	170	102	2.404	2,805	-106	6,183
September	4,889	1,486	-384	5,992	1.406	-1,319	-278	-192	3,484	4,6UJ	-100	0,163

⁽a) Equals foreign investment in Australia less Australian investment abroad.

TABLE 18. INVESTMENT INCOME (\$A million)

	Payable on foreign investment in Australia			Ro	eceivable on investment			Net investment income payable(a)				
		Intere	est			Intere	ist			Intere.	st	
	Equity income (b)	Borr- awing	Other	Total	Equity income (b)	Reserve assets and lending	Other	Total	Net equity income (b)	Nes debs	Net other	Total
			•		ANNU	AL					•	
1983-84	2,104	3,705	26	5,833	556	821	89	1,468	1,548	2,884	-63	4,365
1984-85	2,236	5,314	39	7,589	515	914	95	1,525	1,721	4,400	-56	6.064
1985-86	2,338	6,587	133	9,058	1,146	710	110	1,966	1,192	5,877	23	7,092
1986-87	2,725	7,892	113	10,730	1,816	678	175	2,669	909	7,214	-62	8,062
										,		
1987-88	4,222	8,844	35	13,101	2,479	1,051	104	3,634	1,743	7,793	-69 164	9,467
1988-89	5,242	10,821	269	16,331	2,540	1,267	104	3,911	2,702	9,554	164	12,419
1989-90	5,240	14,380	372	19,993	1,961	1,848	155	3,963	3,280	12,532	217	16,029
1990-91	5,192	14,817	170	20,178	859	2,248	120	3,228	4,332	12,569	50	16,951
1991-92	4,702	13,324	93	18,119	1,263	2,382	54	3,699	3,440	10,941	40	14,421
1992-93	6,554	11,344	92	17,990	2,901	2,164	21	5,085	3,653	9,181	71	12,905
1993-94	8,646	10,939	94	19,679	3,426	1,668	31	5,125	5,221	9,270	63	14,554
1994-95	12,057	11,543	21	23,620	4,398	1,729	47	6,173	7,657	9,813	25	17,447
					QUARTE	RLY					•	·
		•										
1990-91	. =0.0						25	210	1.680	7.110	10	
December	1,782	3,632	55	5,468	152	522	35	710	1,629	3,110	19	4,759
March	1,120	3,849	37	5,007	155	537	29	720	966	3,312	9	4,287
lune	1,447	3,656	34	5,137	264	613	26	903	1,183	3,043	8	4,234
1991-92 —												
September	1,124	3,717	24	4,865	317	614	17	948	806	3,103	8	3,917
December	1,035	3,186	26	4.247	348	636	13	997	687	2,549	13	3,250
March	1.104	3,231	20	4,355	273	595	10	879	831	2,636	9	3,477
June	1,439	3,190	23	4,652	324	537	14	875	1,115	2,652	9	3,777
1992-93 —												
September	1,684	3,117	18	4,819	661	668	5	1,333	1,023	2,449	13	3,486
December December	1,564	2,835	33	4,432	794	493	5	1,291	770	2,342	28	3,141
	1,459	2,813	18	4,290	623	632	5	1,259	836	2,182	13	3,031
March Iune	1,439	2,579	23	4,447	823	372	6	1,201	1,022	2,102	17	3,246
1007.04	·	·										
1993-94 —	1 000	2.076	3.4	4.000	010	500		1 425	000	2 279	16	3 274
September	1,800	2,976	24	4,800	819	598	8	1,425	982	2,378	16	3,376
December	2,592	2,563	20	5,176	913	486	9	1,408	1,679	2,078	11	3,768
March	1,826	2,774	20	4,620	849	414	5	1,269	977	2,359	15	3,351
lune	2,426	2,626	29	5,082	844	170	9	1,024	1,582	2,456	20	4,058
1994-95—·												
September	2,729	2,843	3	5,575	1,082	363	8	1,453	1,647	2,479	_5	4,122
December	3,022	2,594	4	5,620	1,097	347	8	1,451	1,925	2,247	_4	4,168
March	2,683	3,145	10	5,837	1,085	547	13	1,645	1,597	2,598	3	4,192
June -	3,623	2,961	4	6,588	1,134	472	18	1,624	2,488	2,489	·-13	4,965
1995-96 —	-											
1993-96 — September	2,565	3,123	5	5,693	1,140	377	2	1,519	1,425	2,746	3	4,174

⁽a) Equals income payable on foreign investment in Australia less income receivable on Australian investment abroad. (b) Includes dividends, remitted profits of branches and reinvested earnings of direct investment enterprises attributable to their direct foreign investors.

TABLE 19. LEVELS OF FOREIGN DEBT AT END OF PERIOD(a) (\$A million)

	Pı	ublic Sector Bor	rowing						
-	Commonwealth government and Reserve Bank	State government	Public trading and financial enterprises	Total	Private sector borr- owing	Total foreign borr- owing	Reserve asseis	Lending abroad	Ne foreigi debt(b
				ANNUAL					
1983-84	8,534	339	8,907	17,781	26,320	44,101	12,417	1,791	29,89
1984-85	12,982	1,901	14,982	29,865	37,608	67,473	13,517	2,748	51,20
1985-86	19,753	3,855	19,009	42,618	49,933	92,550	13,024	3,981	75,54:
1986-87	23,678	6,684	19,589	49,951	57,466	107,417	17,594	3,685	86,138
1987-88	22,909	10,219	23,736	56,865	66,257	123,122	20,182	6,691	96,24
1988-89	18,607	18,230	28,010	64,847	81,870	146,717	20,410	9,009	117,29
1989-90	19,654	19,788	32,525	71,968	90,802	162,770	21,871	9,145	131,75
1990-91	17,429	24,435	33,536	75,400	103,850	179,251	24,047	12,421	142,783
		28,425	33,529	78,802	112,466	191,268	22,240	15,463	153,56:
1991-92	16,848				114,359	208,420	20,823	20,278	167,320
1992-93	21,469	37,963	34,630	94,062				22,029	163,23
1993-94 1994-95	22,913 27,929	39,560 48,473	32,438 24,582	94,910 100,984	111,017 122,305	205,927 223,2 89	20,661 20,1 84	21,877	181,228
				QUARTERLY				- "	
1990-91		. =							
	18,909	20,865	36,540	76,314	95,004	171,317	24,989	7,926	138,400
December					99,622	175,840	23,593	10,147	142,100
March	18,755	22,366	35,097	76,218			24,047	12,421	142,783
June	17,429	24,435	33,536	75,400	103,850	179,251	24,047	12,421	142,70
1991-92									
September	17,798	26,031	32,543	76,372	101,053	177,425	23,836	12,395	141,19
December	21,204	26,471	33,987	81,662	104,939	186,602	25,451	14,550	146,60
March	18,624	28,074	32,461	79,160	106,240	185,399	21,314	14,488	149,59
June	16,848	28,425	33,529	78,802	112,466	191,268	22,240	15,463	153,56
1992-93									
September	17,949	33,536	34,140	85,625	114,403	200,028	21,566	17,756	160,70
December	19,223	33,391	33,759	86,373	113,165	199,538	20,112	17,211	162,21:
March	18,873	33,178	32,072	84,123	110,642	194,764	18,888	18,511	157,36.
June	21,469	37,963	34,630	94,062	114,359	208,420	20,823	20,278	167,326
1993-94			_		- 40		40.000	na c10	, , , , , , ,
September	20,442	42,459	34,595	97,496	119,558	217,054	22,023	20,518	174,51
December	22,289	42,080	33,538	97,908	113,287	211,195	20,955	18,250	171,99
March	23,242	43,428	33,195	99,864	111,874	211,738	20,834	23,055	167,84
June	22,913	39,560	32,438	94,910	111,017	205,927	20,661	22,029	163,23
1994-95 —									
September	25,460	38,233	31,474	95,168	110,865	206,033	20,308	22,822	162,90
December	28,610	43,912	30,160	102,682	100,534	203,216	18,417	20,650	164,14
March -	28,566	44,640	25,890	99,097	114,434	213,530	21,240	23,040	169.25
June	27,929	48,473	24,582	100,984	122.305	223,289	20,184	21,877	181,22
1995-96									
September	27,182	50.223	22,973	100,378	118,753	219,131	18,659	19,749	180,72

⁽a) As a result of a change in the methodology used to value non-equity securities issued on foreign capital markets, levels from December quarter 1991 are not strictly comparable with levels from earlier periods. (b) Equals total foreign borrowing less reserve assets and lending abroad.

TABLE 20. FOREIGN INVESTMENT RATIOS (\$A million)

Net international investment position servicing -Ratios of net foreign liabilities to GDP(a) Ratios of net investment income payable to exports(b) - per cent -- per cent -Equity Equity and other and other Foreign Foreign Total debt investment Total debt investment Period ANNUAL 3.2 5.2 18.3 15.1 32.1 10.0 1987-88 42.1 34.5 10.2 22.4 17.2 44.7 1988-89 20.6 5.7 26.3 35.5 10.5 1989-90 46.) 6.6 19.0 25.6 50.8 37.8 13.0 1990-91 15.6 5.0 39.8 12.2 20.6 1991-92 52.0 4.9 54.2 12.7 16.9 12.0 41.5 1992-93 17.6 11.2 6.4 18.0 38.2 1993-94 56.2 11.3 8.8 20.1 1994-95 56.9 39.9 17.1 QUARTERLY Year ended(c) -1990-91 — 11.3 26.5 19.8 6.7 36.7 December 48.0 19.6 6.2 25.8 11.8 49.3 37.5 March 19.0 6.6 37.8 13.0 25.6 50.8 June 1991-92 ---25.5 18.6 6.9 12.6 37.3 September 49.9 22.9 5.4 17.5 50.6 38.6 12.0 December 5.1 39.1 12.6 21.5 16.4 51.7 March 20.6 15.6 5.0 39.8 12.2 June 52.0 1992-93 ---5.2 5.2 19.6 14.4 52.6 41.2 11.4 September 11.5 18.9 13.7 52.6 41.1 December 17.9 12.8 5.1 39.6 12.4 March 52.0 16.9 12.7 12.0 54.2 41.5 June 1993-94 ---16.3 11.6 4.7 42.7 14.9 57.6 September 5.7 16.8 11.1 58.6 41.5 17.1 December 5.8 16.9 11.1 57.7 40.0 17.8 March 38.2 18.0 17.6 11.2 6.4 56.2 June 1994-95 -11.3 184 56.6 37.5 19.1 September 11.4 7.4 37.2 18.2 18.8 55.4 December 8.0 17.2 19.5 11.5 37.8 55.0 March

17.1

19.2

39.9

39.3

56.9

58.5

June

1995-96 —

September

20.1

19.5

11.3

11.2

8.8

8.2

⁽a) These ratios are derived by expressing net foreign liabilities at the end of the period shown as a percentage of GDP(I) for the year preceding this date. (b) These ratios are derived by expressing net investment income payable as a percentage of exports of goods and services for the year preceding this date. (c) Estimates of annual GDP(I) and annual exports of goods and services and net investment income payable refer to the sum of the four quarters ended with the quarters indicated.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication provides comprehensive statistics on Australia's net international investment position, foreign investment in Australia and Australian investment abroad for the September quarter 1995, together with statistics for earlier periods.

2. More detailed annual international investment statistics up to 1993-94 may be found in Balance of Payments and International Investment Position, Australia, 1993-94 (5363.0) released in July 1995. Descriptions of the concepts, definitions, classifications of data items, and sources and methods used in compiling the statistics are presented in Foreign Investment, Australia: Summary of Concepts, Sources and Methods (5355.0). That publication also includes an assessment of the accuracy and reliability of the statistics.

Scope and coverage

- 3. International investment statistics provide information on:
- levels (stock) of foreign financial assets and liabilities at a particular date;
- capital transactions (investment flows) resulting in increases and decreases in these assets and liabilities e.g., the purchase or sale by a non resident of shares in an Australian enterprise, drawings/repayments on a foreign loan facility;
- exchange rate variations due to movements of the Australian dollar against the other currencies in which these assets and liabilities are denominated; and
- other changes in levels due to a change in the market price of a claim (e.g., a share price movement), write-offs, reclassifications and reconciliation errors.
- 4. Due to the quarterly revisions policy, the other changes item for the latest quarter will sometimes include transactions relating to earlier periods, not identified in time to include in the transactions estimates for those periods. These transactions are subsequently allocated to the correct periods (with consequential revisions to levels estimates) in subsequent issues of this publication.
- 5. International investment statistics are compiled from several sources including the quarterly and annual collections of the Survey of Foreign Investment, and official advices. Coverage of the quarterly foreign investment collections is more limited than the corresponding annual collections and quarterly estimates are revised as results from the annual collections become available. Results from other sources are also revised but generally to a lesser extent. The annual collections are conducted using sampling techniques; for a discussion on the impact of this on foreign investment statistics see 'Introduction of sampling in foreign investment collections' on page 7 of the September quarter 1988 issue of Foreign Investment, Australia (5306.0).

Classifications and definitions

- 6. The more important classifications and definitions used in international investment statistics are outlined below.
- 7. Australia's net international investment position is defined as the difference between the level of foreign investment in Australia and the level of Australian investment abroad.
- Direction of investment. This classification refers to the basic distinction between inward and outward investment; that is, foreign investment in Australia or Australian investment abroad. Broadly, foreign investment in Australia refers to the stock of financial assets in Australia owned by non-residents and capital transactions which increase or decrease this stock, Conversely, Australian investment abroad refers to the stock of foreign financial assets owned by Australian residents and capital transactions which increase or decrease that stock. A major exception to this concerns the treatment of direct investment activity (described in paragraph 13), where the classification of particular investment transactions and associated levels and income. to either foreign investment in Australia or Australian investment abroad, depends upon the direction of the equity link which underlies the establishment of the direct investment relationship between the transactors. If an Australian enterprise is a direct investment enterprise that is a non-resident (the direct investor) has a significant equity holding in that enterprise - financial claims by the Australian direct investment enterprise on the foreign direct investor are netted against liabilities of the direct investment enterprise to the direct investor in measuring direct foreign investment in Australia. Similarly, netting of assets and liabilities occurs in arriving at Australian direct investment abroad.
- 9. Resident institutional sector. This classification groups statistical units with similar financial roles and behaviour into institutional sectors. Five resident institutional sectors are identified. These are grouped under the headings official and non-official. The official sectors are general government and the Reserve Bank of Australia. The non-official sectors are banks, non-bank financial enterprises, and trading enterprises and households.
- 10. General government comprises "Departments of State" and similar entities that are the agents or instruments of Commonwealth, State, or local government. State government central borrowing authorities and private non-profit organisations serving government are included in this category. Public sector business enterprises are excluded from this sector and included as appropriate in the other sectors. Banks comprise trading, savings and development banks which are licensed under the Banking Act to act as banks or which have been created under Commonwealth or State legislation. (This category in this publication excludes the Reserve Bank but includes various other government owned banks.) Non-bank financial enterprises are enterprises, other than the Reserve Bank and the trading, savings and development banks, that are mainly engaged in incurring liabilities and acquiring financial assets. Trading enterprises are non-financial enterprises mainly engaged in the production of goods and services for sale in the market.

- 11. For trading and financial enterprises, a further dissection is provided in some tables for public and private sector enterprises. The public sector grouping consists of government owned and/or controlled business enterprises while the private sector grouping consists of all other entities. The official sector is further dissected into Commonwealth and State Government components in some tables.
- 12. Type of capital. Three types of capital are distinguished: direct investment, reserve assets, and portfolio and other investment.
- 13. The concept of direct investment is broadly one of capital invested in an enterprise by an investor (called a direct investor) having a significant influence, either potentially or actually exercised, over the key policies of the enterprise (called a direct investment enterprise). Under the definition of direct investment used in compiling the statistics, ownership of 10 per cent or more of the ordinary shares or voting stock (or an equivalent equity interest) is generally regarded as indicative of significant influence by an investor. For a detailed discussion of direct investment see paragraphs 4.12 4.22 of Foreign Investment, Australia: Summary of Concepts Sources and Methods (5355.0).
- 14. Reserve assets are those foreign financial assets that are effectively controlled and available for use by the central authorities for meeting balance of payments needs. Portfolio and other investment covers all foreign investment activity not classified as direct investment or reserve assets.
- 15. Many types of instrument of investment are identified in this publication. Some of these are only applicable to one type of capital. For example, the instruments reinvestment of earnings and net equity in branches are only used for direct investment. For analytical reasons and for ease of reporting by enterprises, similar instruments are combined into groups. Deposits, loans, finance leases, bonds, bills, IMF credit and BIS placements are combined and called borrowing (foreign investment in Australia) or lending (Australian investment abroad). Prepayments made and received, and accounts receivable and payable, between enterprises in a direct investment relationship are combined and called other direct investment. Similar prepayments and accounts between enterprises not in a direct investment relationship grouped together and called accounts payable/prepayments received (foreign investment in Australia) and accounts receivable/prepayments made (Australian investment abroad).
- 16. This publication shows statistics on both Australia's gross foreign debt (borrowing) and Australia's net foreign debt. Net foreign debt is arrived at after deducting reserve assets and lending abroad from gross foreign debt.
- 17. Several other classifications of *borrowing* are also included in this publication. These include:
- separate details of borrowing in foreign and Australian currency;
- currency of borrowing;
- country of domicile of borrowing, which separates borrowing domiciled in Australia from borrowing domiciled abroad. Borrowing domiciled in Australia comprises those securities issued in Australia which,

- while largely targeted for Australian residents, are taken up by non-residents, usually through security brokers and nominees. Examples of these securities, all of which are tradeable, are government and semi-government fixed interest tradeable securities, as well as certificates of deposits issued by banks, debentures, promissory notes and other issues by private enterprises. This category also includes deposits held with Australian banks by non-residents. Borrowing domiciled abroad refers to all other borrowing from non-residents, including securities issued in forcign countries;
- purchases and sales of securities domiciled in Australia by non-residents. Purchases include both the on-market purchases and the take-up of new issues by non-residents of debt issued in Australia. Sales include both the on-market sales by and the redemption from non-residents of debt issued in Australia;
- drawings and repayments of borrowing domiciled abroad. Drawings include the drawdown on loans, the issue by residents of non-equity securities abroad, the receipt of finance under finance lease agreements etc. Repayments of borrowing domiciled abroad include the repayment of loans, the redemption of non-equity securities issued abroad, the withdrawal of deposits, lease payments (excluding the imputed interest component) under a finance lease agreement etc;
- maturity structure of drawings and repayments of borrowing domiciled abroad.
- 18. The country dissection of statistics on international investment shows countries investing in Australia. The classification is based upon the country of residence of the foreign creditor holding Australia's foreign liabilities. It does not necessarily reflect either the country of ultimate beneficial ownership of the investment, the country of immediate source of funds, or the country to which amounts borrowed will in fact be re-paid. The classification includes categories for various country and country groupings as well as categories for international capital markets and international institutions. In some instances, foreign investment activity cannot be classified by country and is therefore classified to unallocated. This category includes, from September quarter 1993, reinvestment of earnings and reinvested earnings. These types of investment can only be allocated to country after the results of annual collections are available.
- 19. As from the June quarter 1995 issue of this publication, international investment industry data are classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANSZIC), 1993 (1292.0). Industry statistics should be treated with some caution as they do not necessarily reflect the industry in which the funds are ultimately employed. The statistical unit (that is, the unit of observation and classification) generally consists of all enterprises in an enterprise group within a single resident institutional sector. The industry of this statistical unit, which may cover a broad range of activities, is determined on the basis of the predominant activity of the unit as a whole which may be quite different from the industry in which the funds are used. This applies especially to financial enterprises such as trading and merchant banks which may borrow funds as principals and then on-lend to clients in other industries.

20. An unallocated classification also exists for industry statistics. This category includes, from September quarter 1993, new investment through brokers and nominees in the trading enterprise sector and reinvestment of earnings and reinvested earnings. This investment can only be allocated by industry after the results of annual collections are available.

Presentation

21. Tables 1 to 3 show the main international investment aggregates covering, respectively. Australia's net international investment position, foreign investment in Australia and Australian investment abroad. These tables are presented in the form of a reconciliation between opening and closing levels of investment, supplemented by investment income information. Tables 4 to 8 provide further details of capital transactions, investment income, levels of investment, foreign debt and interest payable on foreign debt. Tables 9 and 10 provide details of ratios of net foreign liabilities to GDP and net investment income to exports. Tables 11 and 12 provide further dissections of foreign investment in Australia by country and by industry. Tables 13 to 15 show additional statistics on foreign borrowing. Tables 16 to 20 are historical tables.

Reliability

22. As mentioned in paragraph 5, quarterly estimates presented in this publication are subject to revision. Revisions can arise for a variety of reasons but two contributing factors are especially worthy of note. The first affects estimates of reinvested earnings (income), its offset reinvestment of earnings (capital transaction) and foreign portfolio investment in Australian corporate equities (levels and transactions). Data for these items are only collected annually and hence estimates for the most recent periods are derived by extrapolating earlier entries. While this means that the estimates could be significantly revised at a future date, it is nevertheless considered useful to include them in the relevant tables. The second factor affects estimates of investment in certain categories of portfolio and other investment through nominees and brokers. The collection methods used in annual and quarterly collections differ and can result in significant revisions to quarterly data once the results of annual surveys become available.

Related publications

23. This publication is complemented by the annual publication Balance of Payments and International Investment Position, Australia (5363.0). Statistics on international investment capital transactions and income are also published in all balance of payments publications: the monthly, Balance of Payments, Australia (5301.0) and the quarterly, Balance of Payments, Australia (5302.0). The statistics are presented on a consistent basis in both sets of publications. Information about the concepts,

definitions, classifications of data items, and sources and methods used in compiling both sets of statistics are presented in Foreign Investment, Australia: Summary of Concepts, Sources and Methods (5355.0) and Balance of Payments, Australia: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5331.0).

24. Publications produced at present by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia (1101.0). Also, on Tuesdays and Fridays, the ABS issues a Publications Advice (1105.0) which lists publications expected to be released in the next few days. Both publications are available free of charge from any ABS office.

Unpublished information

25. More detailed information is available in the standard release International Investment Position. Australia, Supplementary Country by Broad Industry Statistics (5352.0). Additional information on international investment activity is also available from the ABS on request. A charge may be made for providing these services. Inquiries about the standard release service or about other information should be made to the persons whose names appear in the inquiries box at the front of this publication, or to Information Services in the nearest ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

n.a. not available
n.y.a. not yet available
n.y.a. not applicable
Abs:

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics
APEC Asia Pacific Economic Co-operation
ASEAN Association of South East Asian Nations
BIS Bank of International Settlements
EEC European Economic Community

EEC European Economic Community
IMF International Monetary Fund
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation

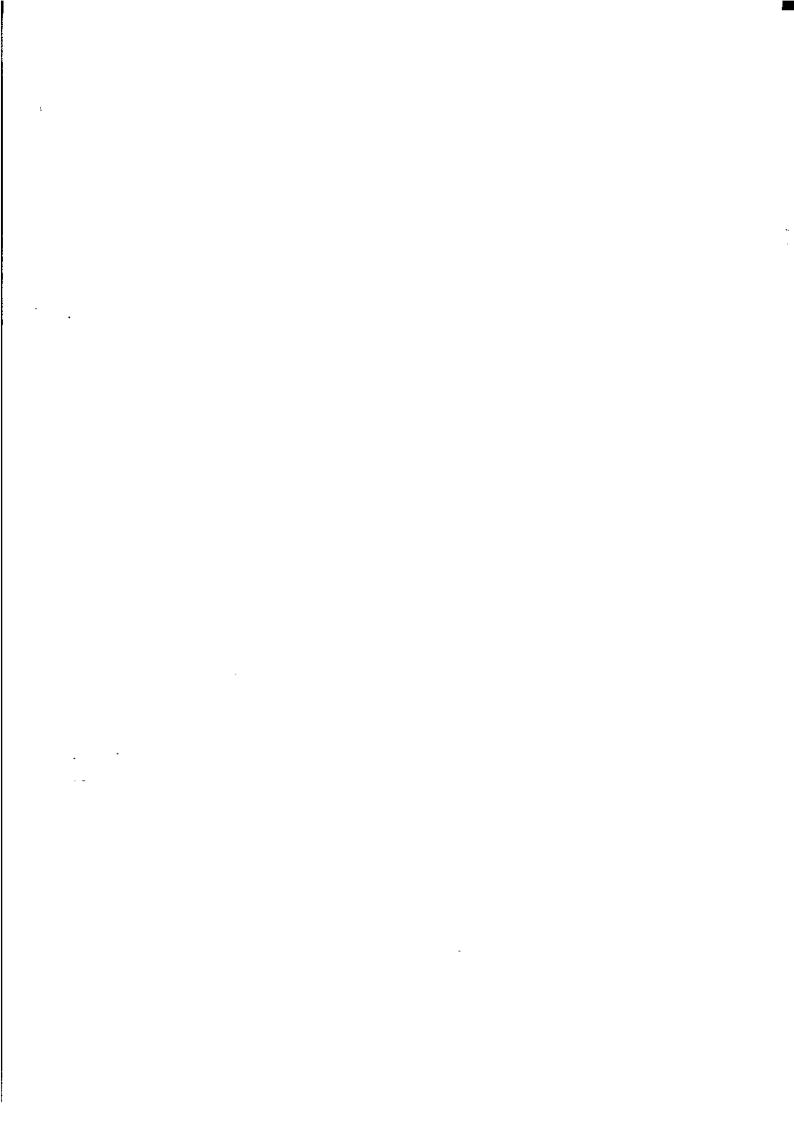
and Development

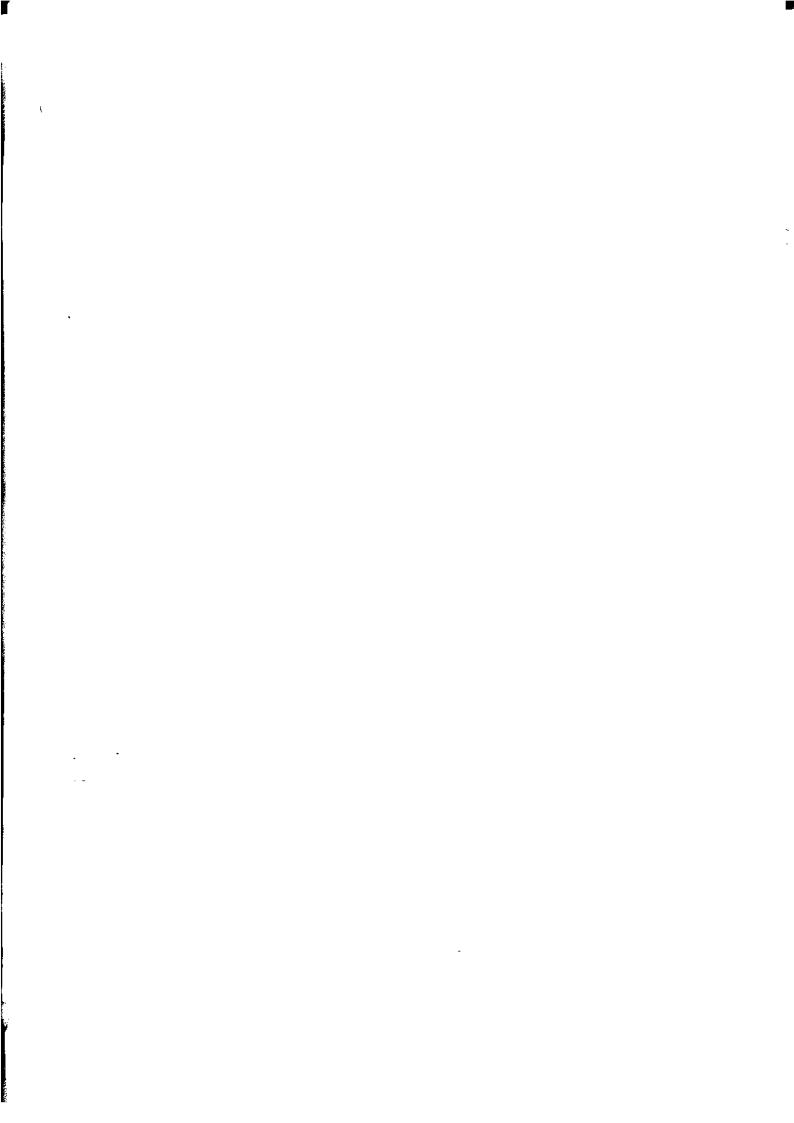
- 26. For capital transactions a negative value denotes a net withdrawal of investment; for levels of direct investment lending abroad, a negative value denotes an excess of borrowing by direct investors in Australia from their direct investment groups abroad over lending by direct investors in Australia to their direct investment groups abroad (see paragraph 8 for a further explanation); and similarly for income receivable on direct investment lending abroad an excess of income payable by direct investors over income receivable by direct investors.
- 27. As all figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between the sum of components and the total.

APPENDIX SPECIAL ARTICLES IN RECENT INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT AND BALANCE OF PAYMENTS PUBLICATIONS

Article (Publication ABS Catalogue No.)	Issue	Page Reference
The relationship between foreign investment and balance of payments statistics	5306.0	Mar qtr 1991	7-8
The relationship between balance of payments and national accounts statistics.	5302.0	Dec qtr 1991	7-10
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